

Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission

American Lobster Management Board

May 4, 2026
10:45 a.m. – 12:15 p.m.

Draft Agenda

The times listed are approximate; the order in which these items will be taken is subject to change; other items may be added as necessary

1. Welcome/Call to Order (*R. Zobel*) 10:45 a.m.
2. Board Consent 10:45 a.m.
 - Approval of Agenda
 - Approval of Proceedings from February 2026
3. Public Comment 10:50 a.m.
4. Technical Committee Report on Board Tasks (*T. Pugh*) **Possible Action** 11:00 a.m.
 - GOM/GBK Fishery Projections with Original Addendum XXVII Gauge Increases
 - Change in LCMA 5 Season Closure Dates
5. Consider Management Strategy Evaluation Steering Committee Nominations (*C. Starks*) **Action** 11:35 a.m.
6. Reports from Gulf of Maine States on Industry Surveys and Meetings (*C. Wilson, R. Zobel, R. Glenn*) 11:45 a.m.
7. Update on Request for Information for Alternative Gear Marking Framework (*A. Murphy*) 11:55 a.m.
8. Consider Outstanding Management Changes (*C. Starks*) **Possible Action** 12:00 p.m.
9. Review and Populate Advisory Panel Membership (*T. Berger*) **Action** 12:10 p.m.
10. Other Business/Adjourn 12:15 p.m.

The meeting will be held at The Westin Crystal City (1800 Richmond Highway, Arlington, VA; 703.486.1111) and via webinar; click [here](#) for details.

MEETING OVERVIEW

American Lobster Management Board

May 4, 2026

10:45 a.m. – 12:15 p.m.

Chair: Renee Zobel (NH) Assumed Chairmanship: 03/25	Lobster Technical Committee Chair: Tracy Pugh (MA) Jonah Crab Technical Committee Chair: Corinne Truesdale (RI)	Law Enforcement Committee Rep: Rob Beal (ME)
Vice Chair: John Maniscalco (NY)	Lobster Advisory Panel Chair: Grant Moore (MA) Jonah Crab Advisory Panel Chair: Sonny Gwin (MD)	Previous Board Meeting: February 3, 2026
Voting Members: ME, NH, MA, RI, CT, NY, NJ, DE, MD, VA, NMFS, NEFMC (12 votes)		

2. Board Consent

- Approval of Agenda
- Approval of Proceedings from February 2026

3. Public Comment – At the beginning of the meeting, public comment will be taken on items not on the agenda. Individuals that wish to speak at this time must sign-in at the beginning of the meeting. For agenda items that have already gone out for public hearing and/or have had a public comment period that has closed, the Board Chair may determine that additional public comment will not provide additional information. In this circumstance, the Chair will not allow additional public comment on an issue. For agenda items that the public has not had a chance to provide input, the Board Chair may allow limited opportunity for comment. The Board Chair has the discretion to limit the number of speakers and/or the length of each comment.

4. Technical Committee Report on Board Tasks (11:00-11:35 a.m.) Possible Action
Background <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In October 2025, after reviewing the results of the stock assessment, the Board directed the Technical Committee (TC) to estimate the benefits to the GOM/GBK fishery that would have resulted from implementing the minimum gauge size increases under Addendum XXVII that were ultimately repealed. The TC provided an analysis to project impacts to the fishery if the gauge changes had been implemented (Briefing Materials). • The Board tasked the TC to provide input on a proposal to modify the lobster fishery season closure in LCMA 5. The TC met via webinar on April 10, 2026 to discuss this proposal and provide input (Briefing Materials).
Presentations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical Committee Report by T. Pugh
Board Actions for Consideration at the Meeting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consider action to change LCMA 5 season closure dates

<p>5. Consider Management Strategy Evaluation Steering Committee Nominations (11:35-11:45 a.m.) Action</p>
<p>Background</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After considering the findings of the 2025 stock assessment, the Board requested the TC update and review the process for conducting an MSE for the GOM/GBK stock (Briefing Materials). • As an initial step, the Board agreed to form a steering committee to 1) review existing management objectives, as outlined in Amendment #3 and subsequent addenda, relative to the current GOM/GBK stock status, and social/economic conditions facing the fishery today, and 2) develop a process that would clearly identify new management objectives (across all stakeholders), to better understand socioeconomic status and concerns, and to identify potential management tools. • The states provided nominations for individuals to serve on the steering committee, including representation from the Board, TC, Commission staff, the Commission’s Committee on Economics and Social Sciences, industry stakeholders, and the Commission’s Assessment and Science Committee or Management and Science Committee with past experience in MSE (Supplemental Materials).
<p>Presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Steering Committee Nominations by C. Starks
<p>Board Actions for Consideration at the Meeting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consider approval of steering committee membership

<p>6. Reports from Gulf of Maine States on Industry Surveys and Meetings (11:45-11:55 a.m.)</p>
<p>Background</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concurrent with the implementation of Addendum XXXII, the Gulf of Maine states agreed to work with the lobster industry to develop management strategies to ensure the long-term health of the resource and the coastal communities it supports. • The Board requested Maine and New Hampshire provide updates on industry meetings and possible alternative management measures to those of Addendum XXVII at each quarterly meeting. • Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts have completed industry meetings and surveys to gather input on management approaches.
<p>Presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update from Gulf of Maine States on Industry Meetings by C. Wilson, R. Zobel, and B. Glenn

<p>7. Update on Request for Information on Alternative Gear Marking Framework (11:55 a.m. - 12:00 p.m.)</p>
<p>Background</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The New England and Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council (Councils) are developing a joint alternative gear marking framework adjustment to provide alternative fixed gear surface marking requirements in all New England and Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council fishery management plans. This regulatory modification would allow for the use of fixed gears without a persistent buoy line (i.e., on-demand gear). • The Councils met in September and October 2025 and each agreed to postpone further action on the Framework until additional information on ropeless gear and visualization

technology, as solicited through a NMFS Request for Information, is available to inform stakeholder input and Council decision-making.

Presentations

- Update on Request for Information for Alternative Gear Marking Framework by A. Murphy

8. Consider Outstanding Management Changes (12:00-12:10 p.m.) Possible Action

Background

- At the February 2026 meeting, the Board requested to review a list of management changes that have been discussed by the Lobster Conservation Management Teams at the next meeting.

Presentations

- Outstanding Management Changes by C. Starks

Board Actions for Consideration at the Meeting

- Consider initiating management action to address outstanding management changes

9. Review and Populate Advisory Panel Membership (12:10-12:15 p.m.) Action

Background

- Chris Townsend, a lobster trap fisherman from Massachusetts, has been nominated to serve on the Lobster Advisory Panel.

Presentations

- Advisory Panel Nominations by T. Berger

Board Actions for Consideration at the Meeting

- Approve advisory panel nominations

10. Other Business/Adjourn (12:15 p.m.)

American Lobster and Jonah Crab TC Task List

Activity level: Medium

Committee Overlap Score: Medium

Committee Task List

Lobster TC

- Board tasks responding to 2025 stock assessment findings
- August 1, 2026: Annual Compliance Reports Due
- Fall 2026: Annual data update of lobster abundance indices

Jonah Crab TC

- August 1, 2026: Annual Compliance Reports Due
- Fall 2026: Annual data update of Jonah crab abundance indices

TC Members

American Lobster: Kathleen Reardon (ME), Joshua Carloni (NH), Jeff Kipp (ASMFC), Justin Pellegrino (NY), Corinne Truesdale (RI), Chad Power (NJ), Tracy Pugh (MA, Chair), Colton Williamson (DE), Matthew Jargowsky (MD), Renee St. Amand (CT), Burton Shank (NOAA), Allison Murphy (NOAA)

Jonah Crab: Corinne Truesdale (RI, Chair), Derek Perry (MA), Joshua Carloni (NH), Chad Power (NJ), Jeff Kipp (ASMFC), Allison Murphy (NOAA), Kathleen Reardon (ME), Justin Pellegrino (NY), Burton Shank (NOAA), Colton Williamson (DE), Matthew Jargowsky (MD)

Lobster Stock Assessment Subcommittee Members: Tracy Pugh (MA, TC Chair), Joshua Carloni (NH), Kathleen Reardon (ME), Burton Shank (NOAA), Jeff Kipp (ASMFC)

**DRAFT PROCEEDINGS OF THE
ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION
AMERICAN LOBSTER MANAGEMENT BOARD**

**The Westin Crystal City
Arlington, Virginia
Hybrid Meeting**

February 3, 2026

These minutes are draft and subject to approval by the American Lobster Management Board.
The Board will review the minutes during its next meeting.

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1. **Approval of agenda** by consent (Page 1).
2. **Approval of Proceedings of October 2025** by consent (Page 1).
3. **Move to task the Technical Committee/Stock Assessment Subcommittee to develop and evaluate GOM/GBK candidate biological reference points that account for non-stationarity of environmental conditions/productivity. Report back to the Lobster Management Board in advance of the Fall/Annual 2027 meeting, and annually before the next stock assessment** (Page 11). Motion by Steve Train; second by Jay McNamee. Motion passed by unanimous consent (Page 15).
4. **Move to form a Steering Committee (SC) to**
 1. **Review existing management objectives, as outlined in Amendment #3 and subsequent addenda, relative to the current GOMGBK stock status, and social/economic conditions facing the fishery today.**
 2. **Develop a process that would clearly identify new management objectives (across all stakeholders), to better understand socioeconomic status and concerns, and to identify potential management tools.**

Representation on the SC shall follow recommendations outlined in the January 20, 2026 Technical Committee memo. The SC will recommend a process for both tasks for the August 2026 Lobster Management Board (Page 17). Motion by Carl Wilson; second by Jay McNamee. Motion passes by unanimous consent (Page 20).
5. **Move to approve the nomination to the American Lobster Advisory Panel for Joe Florentino, a recreational diver from Pennsylvania, representing New Jersey** (Page 23). Motion by Joe Cimino; second by Dennis Abbott. Motion passes by unanimous consent. (Page 23).
6. **Move to adjourn** by consent (Page 25).

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ATTENDANCE

Board Members

Carl Wilson, ME (AA)	Bill Hyatt, CT (GA)
Steve Train, ME (GA)	Rep. Joseph Gresko, CT (LA)
Rep. Allison Hepler, ME (LA)	John Maniscalco, NY, proxy for M. Gary (AA)
Renee Zobel, NH (AA)	Emerson Hasbrouck, NY (GA)
Doug Grout, NH (GA)	Joe Cimino, NJ (AA)
Dennis Abbott, NH, proxy for Sen. Watters (LA)	Adam Nowalsky, NJ, proxy for Sen. Gopal (LA)
Bob Glenn, MA, proxy for D. McKiernan (AA)	John Clark, DE (AA)
Ray Kane, MA (GA)	Roy Miller, DE (GA)
Jason McNamee, RI (AA)	Craig Pugh, DE, proxy for Rep. Carson (LA)
David Borden, RI (GA)	Michael Luisi, MD, proxy for K. Charbonneau (AA)
Eric Reid, RI, proxy for Sen. Sosnowski (LA)	Ethan Simpson, VA, proxy for J. Grist (Acting AA)
Matthew Gates, CT (AA)	Allison Murphy, NMFS

(AA = Administrative Appointee; GA = Governor Appointee; LA = Legislative Appointee)

Ex-Officio Members

Corinne Truesdale, Technical Committee Chair	Rob Beal, Law Enforcement Committee Rep.
Tracy Pugh, Technical Committee Chair	

Staff

Bob Beal	Caitlin Starks	Chelsea Tuohy
Toni Kerns	Tracey Bauer	Katie Drew
Tina Berger	James Boyle	Jeff Kipp
Madeline Musante	Emilie Franke	Samara Nehemiah

The American Lobster Management Board of the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission convened in the Jefferson Ballroom of the Westin Crystal City Hotel, Arlington, Virginia, via hybrid meeting, in-person and webinar; Tuesday, February 3, 2026, and was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by Chair Renee Zobel.

CALL TO ORDER

CHAIR RENEE ZOBEL: We're going to get started. Good morning, everyone, and welcome to Arlington. I feel like I always have the opportunity to welcome everybody to whatever the meeting is. I typically end up chairing the first Board meeting. I'm going to go first to Toni Kerns; who is going to give us an update of those who are attending online today.

MS. TONI KERNS: Online we have Steve Train and Emerson Hasbrouck for Commissioners. If there is anybody else online, I apologize. I am just not aware of you. Then I just wanted to introduce Bob Glenn is a new ongoing proxy for Dan McKiernan from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Ethan Simpson, I think this is maybe one of your first Board meetings from Virginia as an ongoing proxy.

CHAIR ZOBEL: The first thing I want to do this morning is we had a tragedy up in New England last week, and so in recognition of the 7 individuals who lost their lives out on the ocean, now this is a dangerous job and it's a reminder for us to take our job seriously in the regulatory aspect of things. Go ahead, Eric.

MR. ERIC REID: If you don't mind, Madam Chair, you can add Tommy Williams, Jr. from Stonington, Connecticut to that unfortunate tribute. Thank you.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thank you, Eric. I would like to have a moment of silence for the 8 individuals who lost their lives this past week or so on the ocean.

(Where upon a moment of silence was observed)

Thank you, our hearts are with the Gloucester fishing community and the Connecticut fishing community as well.

APPROVAL OF PROCEEDINGS

CHAIR RENEE ZOBEL: The first item on our agenda is Approval of the Proceedings from the annual meeting. Do I see any changes that need to happen to the proceedings? Okay, seeing none; is there any objection to approval of the proceedings from the annual meeting? Seeing no objection, they are approved by consent.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

Apologies, I just did those in reverse. The agenda now that we have in front of us. I know of one item for Other Business that has been brought up. Are there any other items to come before the Board today that need to be added to the agenda? Caitlin.

MS. CAITLIN STARKS: John Clark from Delaware made a request to discuss the LCMA 5 closure issue for lobsters under Other Business.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Okay, other than that are there any other changes that need to happen to the agenda today? Seeing none; our agenda is approved by consent.

PUBLIC COMMENT

CHAIR ZOBEL: The next item up is public comment for items that are not on the agenda. Do we have any members of the public who would like to comment on items that are not on the agenda today? Seeing none online or in the room, we are moving right along.

CONSIDER ANNUAL DATA UPDATES

CHAIR ZOBEL: Next item is to Consider Annual Data Updates and for that I'm going to turn it over to Tracy Pugh; who is online with us today.

MS. TRACY PUGH: Are we going to do Jonah crab first or Lobster first?

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CHAIR ZOBEL: They are listed Jonah crab first, so apologies, Tracy, let's go to Corinne Truesdale online, she's going to give us a presentation on Jonah crab.

JONAH CRAB OFFSHORE SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND INDICATORS

MS. CORRINE TRUESDALE: Good morning, everyone, just giving an annual TC report update for Jonah crab. I'll try to keep this brief, I know we have a lot to get through. I'll go through a brief management history for Jonah crab, along with a stock assessment overview from our assessment in 2023, and then get right into the Annual Indicator Update, where we have indicators, we presented last time updated through 2024 or with a couple of additional ones, and then we'll end with the Technical Committee's recommendations from doing this update in 2026.

The fishery management plan for Jonah crab published in 2015, and this is the first known for the species; limits participation in the Jonah crab fishery to those who already possess a lobster fishing permit or can prove participation in the Jonah crab targeted fishery as of control date in June 2015. It established a 4.75-inch minimum size carapace width with no tolerance, with a prohibition on retention of egg-bearing females. In that FMP they also had a 50 whole crab recreational limit.

Then we've had a series of Addenda since then. Addendum I establishing a 1,000-crab bycatch limit for non-trap gear and non-lobster trap gear. Addendum II establishing a coast wide standard for claw harvest and the definition of bycatch, and then Addenda III and IV are both addenda for the Lobster Management Plan as well, improving harvester reporting and data collection for those fisheries, and then with Addendum IV adding vessel tracking requirement.

The first assessment for Jonah crab was published in October 2023. Within this

assessment 4 stocks were established for Jonah crab, and these are based mainly on the way that the fishery operates within those different areas. We have offshore Gulf of Maine, inshore Gulf of Maine, offshore Southern New England and inshore Southern New England, with the majority of the landings, more than 75% coming from offshore Southern New England stock area historically.

From that assessment it was determined that 2022 abundance for Jonah crab was above historical lows for the Gulf of Maine and offshore Southern New England and status was unknown for the inshore Southern New England stock, and that was largely due to data limitations that we had there. However, fishing mortality rates were still unknown at the end of the assessment. There wasn't able to be determined a linkage between fishery harvest and the status of the stock, again, due to the limitations that we have with the data sources there.

Again, stock status overall is relatively uncertain for Jonah crab, and we'll get into some of those limitations with the updates that we have. In 2024, just following the assessment, the TC recommended annual updates of offshore Southern New England indicators from the assessment, plus a few additional indicators to be reviewed in upcoming assessments, and some of those to be automatically included.

Those were some of them reviewed during the assessment process. From this, which is the second annual indicator update for Jonah crab, the TC met on January 8, 2026 to review indicators and to review tasks that we were given this year. Included in this update we'll have fishery independent abundance indicators, which are only available every other year.

This will be the first update since the assessment where we are reviewing the fishery independent indicators, namely the NOAA Seasonal Trawl Survey. The TC also recommended at the last update to revisit the commercial fisheries research foundation ventless trap sampling as a potential indicator following that first annual update.

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We reviewed that this year and will be presenting from that in this update. Getting right into our indices, so for our fishery independent indices, focusing on the NOAA Fisheries Seasonal Bottom Trawl Survey, we're looking at three different size sex classes here. We have updated indices through 2024, with spring on the left and fall on the right.

Here we have Jonah crab recruits. These are male crabs between 90 and 119 millimeters, so those are individuals that would be molting into the commercial fishery at their next close event. Updated through 2024 as I indicated, but I wanted to mention too that we had a data review and there were some corrections that were made to historical data for these trawl survey indices, and I can get into those as needed.

But this did update some of the historical time series. The only impact that has had in terms of historical status of the stock is with these recruit indices for spring. For all of these plots you will see in the red asterisks the most recent three-year average, and the black asterisk would be the status at the end of the last assessment in 2021, that was the terminal year that was reviewed.

We can see in this plot on the left that the status for 2021 changed from a neutral to a positive status for that 2021-time status. I will also note that vessel calibration factors are not available for Jonah crab, so we see a vessel change from the Albatross to the Bigelow in 2009, and we don't have correction factors available there.

That needs to be taken into account when interpreting these indices. One other thing that I want to mention too, just to call your attention to the fact that these indices are really low in the amount, so the average catch-per-tow of Jonah crab is highly variable and very low across the board for this trawl time series. Again, for these recruits you can see it went from a positive to neutral status on the left for the

spring, and then for the fall remained at a positive status from the assessment time period to this update. We'll go to the next slide where we have exploitable Jonah crabs, these are males who are above the legal minimum size for harvest. We remained in the same status for the spring on the left and the fall on the right at neutral and positive respectively.

Here with this size class, you can see the greatest difference, and this is where we might be seeing those vessel factors come into play, where you can see especially for the fall that the catch is much higher with the Bigelow than it was for the Albatross, so taking that into account when interpreting these.

Going to the next slide we have spawning females, so those are females above the size at maturity. We remain neutral for both the spring and the fall there. Moving right along to trip indicators will be trips landed in Southern New England for the offshore Southern New England stocks specifically, so this is all trips across all states that we're landing from that southern area.

The same thing with the asterisk in the red and the black, so the most recent three-year average would be in red. You can see we've remained in the negative status for trips overall on the left landing Jonah crab, a quantity of Jonah crab from that stock area. Then on the right we have the proportion of trap fits, so those trips that are using trap gear to target crustaceans that were landing any quantity of Jonah crab.

There we have gone from a positive to a neutral status. You can see we had a high time series high until the proportions of trips landing Jonah crab in 2020 and then the decline since then. The overall trips that are landing Jonah crab and the proportion of trap trips that are landing Jonah crab has declined over time.

Moving on to the next slide we have the trips landing Jonah crab for offshore Southern New England from Massachusetts specifically, and noting that Massachusetts lands the most Jonah crab from

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that offshore Southern New England stock. This is nearing what we see for the stock overall, where the number of trips landing Jonah crab has really declined, to time series low in these most recent years' time series lows.

Focusing here on the number of permits landing Jonah crab, so these are permits that landed any quantity of Jonah crab in a given year for the offshore Southern New England stock. We have a number of permits on the left, and then the proportion of permits, and these will be lobster fishing permits, but are landing Jonah crab on the right.

Moving from a neutral to a negative status with a number of permits overall that they are landing Jonah crab, and you can see a decline, a concurrent decline in the proportion of permits that are landing Jonah crab. We know that we've had a reduction in the trap fishery overall, but it seems that the proportion of permits that are landing Jonah crab has also experienced a decline in the most recent years.

Looking at the landings of Jonah crab by state across all stocks. We're not able to assign the landings to stock areas outside of the assessment period. It's really time intensive to break those down according to stock. But if we look at the landings by state, Massachusetts and Rhode Island in the orange and the blue are going to comprise most of the landings for the offshore Southern New England stock. You can see we had time series high in 2018 in the offshore Southern New England stock, and the landings overall declined generally since then. I will point out though, it's notable to see that Maine has had a really drastic increase, relatively speaking, in the landings of Jonah crab, where there has been a doubling, so 100% increase in the average landings since the end of the assessment period. We have a couple of CPUE indicators for the stock. This first one we provided at the last update. This is Rhode Island catch per trip for a subset of highliner vessels.

These are vessels that are targeting Jonah crab and bringing in tens of thousands of pounds of them per trip generally. These are vessels that have been consistently targeting Jonah crab in the offshore fleet over the entire time series. Looking at the number of pounds landed per trip for Jonah crab, we can see there has been an increase in the most recent year to a time series high in 2024.

But at the same time, we've had a decline in the number of trips taken. Looking at some of the indicators that we have for that Rhode Island fleet, we also saw calculated catch per fishing day decrease, so the number of days they are at sea, taking the catch dividing it by the number of days at sea shows a decrease.

In conversations with some of the fleet members we see that there are market factors at play there, where the demand for Jonah crab has gone down. The number they say it can land has been limited, so there are decisions that they are making that do impact some of the indicators that we see there that are related to the fishery.

We have one more CPUE indicator, and this is that CFRF ventless trap CPUE time series that we mentioned before. This is a research fleet that the Commercial Fisheries Research Foundation has, where fishers are deploying ventless traps within their own gear and then sampling the Jonah crabs and lobsters from within those traps.

This was reviewed during the assessment, but it was too short of a time series with limited sampling to be incorporated as an indicator at that point. But it was recommended that this be reviewed in future years as more data were available as the methods were modified. After reviewing this indicator in 2025, it was determined that we should include this in this year's annual update and potentially future ones.

We added this with data through 2024, and this has been standardized, so this is a standardized index using generalized additive models that account for depth and time of year. This is your index from 2015 to 2024. You can see lower values in more

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recent years. We do note, and the CFRF wanted to emphasize this, that this sampling program was not intended to measure abundance.

It's intended to show the presence of sublegal lobsters and crab in an area and get an idea of length frequencies. There are some fisher behavior variables here, where fishermen can decide when to record sampling sessions and may decide not to record a session. Target species is not identified during these sessions, which may impact the catch within the trap, but that will be recorded moving forward so we have that information available. But really just emphasizing that there are some caveats in the interpretation of this index because of the intention in collecting these data. We have one more indicator related to price. When we looked at price of lobster and Jonah crab over the time series from 2010 to 2024. Here we added an adjusted for inflation time series for this species. At the top you have the nominal price per pound for American lobster on the left, Jonah crab on the right.

Then at the bottom you have both of those time series adjusted for inflation. You have that by state and for the coastwide mean. For lobster, you can see we had a peak in 2021 followed by a return to time series mean adjusted level, so if you're looking at the adjusted time series you are back to what we've seen historically, in terms of lobster price per pound, with a slow increase over time if we're looking at the nominal values.

For Jonah crab there was a time series high in 2022 in price, where we had an increase in landings to some degree. But we've had a steady decrease in the price since in both the nominal and the adjusted time series. I'll note as well that in conversations with industry members, kind of talking about what we've seen in fishery dependent indicators that the price plays into this and they have noted that that time series high in price has actually induced a decrease in demand for Jonah crab.

There has been some fisher behavior related to the price, and this relates to the global markets as well, where the price of Jonah crab being high has actually had a negative impact in terms of demand that we have shared. Moving right into conclusions and recommendations.

The conclusions from this annual update were that stock conditions are similar to those that we saw at the end of the assessment period in 2023, where the updated abundance indicators don't point to a change in status for Jonah crab. Again, data limitations preclude recommendation for management intervention, as we've seen we have a highly variable abundance index and then we have fishery dependent indicators that are related to market factors, which continue to influence fishing effort and harvest levels.

Our recommendations for this update are to include that CFRF ventless trap CPUE as an indicator in future updates. Again, to interpret those with caution due to those variables I discussed, and the survey's purpose not being to measure abundance of Jonah crab or lobster.

Another recommendation is to compare wind farm survey data that we have available in that offshore Southern New England area, and see if we can leverage those to what the Jonah crab abundance, where the fishery is occurring, because many of those offshore wind areas are closer to the center of biomass than what we have for currently available ventless trap surveys.

The third recommendation is to identify a process to track dealer or processor-imposed trip limits, for example maybe through an interview study. We know that there are factors in play that are influencing whether or not folks go out to fish Jonah crab, the number of trips they have per year is influenced by the market.

Having some sort of systematic way to understand what's happening year to year in the fishery and in the market would potentially help with the interpretation of the indicators that we have. Then finally, we support the development of a camera-

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based survey for measuring Jonah crab abundance. This was a recommendation that was put forth in the assessment, and it remains a high recommendation based on the potential for that type of survey to get an idea of abundance in the offshore Southern New England area where we have these uncertain trawl indices. That concludes my presentation, I am happy to take any questions if there are any.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thank you, Corinne, we'll go to the Board for any questions. With no questions from the Board, are there any member of the public that have questions for Corinne on Jonah crab? Seeing none; Corinne, thank you for your time.

AMERICAN LOBSTER INDICATORS AND RECRUIT INDEX FOR GULF OF MAINE/GEORGES BANK (GOM/GBK) STOCK

CHAIR ZOBEL: We will move on to Tracy to give us an annual update for lobster.

MS. PUGH: This is the data update that we have been providing to the Board, normally at the October meeting during the non-assessment years, but obviously this 2025 was the stock assessment presentation. The Board did request that we go ahead and update this anyways, to get the 2024 data in.

The stock assessments terminal year was 2023. This data update updates indices through 2024. The purpose of this is really to just sort of keep an eye on some of the abundance indicators that we think are particularly relevant to monitoring information and provide this information to the Board in between stock assessments.

It's intended to be strictly informational. There is no management action or required action of any kind tied to these updates. The indices that we focus on here are the Young of Year Index, so this is the scuba-based survey that the states conduct, and this gives us a signal of abundance for newly settled juveniles.

We have a trawl survey recruit abundance, specifically looking at the 71-80 mm size range, with the idea that these animals are going to be the ones that will molt into the legal-size range in the next year. The trawl surveys are coming from both the states and the Northeast Fishery Science Center.

We also have a trawl survey encounter rate, which is essentially the proportion of tows that encountered at least one lobster. This provides us with information on how widely distributed the lobsters are. We have the ventless trap surveys, which are conducted by the states, and this is providing an abundance index for lobsters 53 mm and above, and we do look at this one sex-specific.

Then we have the formally known as the Addendum XXVII Trigger Index. We are now calling this the Combined Recruit Index. Again, it focuses on animals 71-80 mm. This is coming from the ventless trap surveys and just the state trawl surveys. This is for the Gulf of Maine sub stock only, and it's combining a fall average, a spring average for those trawl surveys, and then the ventless trap surveys all into a single index.

Again, the purpose of these is to look at trends, so we are looking specifically for changes over time. The status for these is determined based on the most recent five-year average compared to that time series. For this data update the current status is going to be based on values from 2020 through 2024. We are also going to in this presentation and in the document make a comparison to the 2025 assessment. We'll compare the current status to the previous status. As you can see in the table here, essentially because these are abundance indicators, low values are considered to be negative, and the color coding for this is that anything colored black is considered negative, and this is underneath the 25th percentile of the time series. Anything between the 25th and 75th percentile is neutral and that is going to be shaded gray.

Then anything above the 75th percentile is considered positive, and that is going to be colored in white. I'm going to take a minute just to orient

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you to these graphs, there is sort of a lot going on, on these slides. The first thing you'll see is on the right is going to be the series of graphs. Generally speaking, from top to bottom these are going to read from north to south.

On these graphs you can see these are the annual values. If you see there is a horizontal dash line in each of these. That horizontal dash line is the 75th percentile. The solid horizontal line is the 25th percentile, and then there is a red shorter solid line. That short red solid line is the five-year mean status.

The tables, essentially what I've done is taken the tables from the document and chopped them in half. You can see the top is showing you which indices we're looking at, and then I took just the bottom of the tables for these slides. The blue boxes here are going to draw your eye to the previous mean, so the 2019 to 2023 status.

Then the updated status is the lower blue box. This is sort of the comparisons we'll be making. This is for the Gulf of Maine Young of Year Indices. What we're looking at here is we're seeing that there has been an improvement in the status in Stat Area 512, which is the second of the graphs down.

That has improved from a neutral to a positive status. The status for all of the other statistical areas with section sampling data remain neutral. This is the Trawl Survey recruits. On the graphs the Federal Science Center Survey is on the top, Maine/New Hampshire is in the middle, Massachusetts is on the bottom, spring is on the left, fall is on the right.

If you look at the status here, we see that the status for all of these remains unchanged since the previous update. The Maine/New Hampshire and the Massachusetts Trawl are essentially remaining neutral, while the others are remaining positive. The Gulf of Maine encounter rates, again this is the proportion of

tows that saw at least one lobster, same order in the graphs as the previous slide.

The status here we've seen a change for the Massachusetts spring survey that has declined from a neutral to a negative status. The others have remained unchanged since the assessment time series. These are the ventless trap survey indices. The top is Area 511, then 512, 513, and 514 on the bottom. Females on the left here and males are on the right.

What we see here, we do have a status for Stat Area 513 males has improved from neutral to a positive status. That box has gone from gray to white there. For Stat Area 512 and 514, these both remain negative. The other Stat areas and sexes remain neutral. We did have a note here that relatively speaking Area 513 seems to be a little bit more stable than the other areas. This is the combined recruit index, formally known as the Addendum XXVII Trigger Index. What we're looking at here in the upper left with that red box around it, that is the combined index. Those other three graphs, the spring trawl, the ventless and the fall trawl are what are combined to make that Combined Index. The values in the circles of these graphs are essentially just the value on the Y axis, and those represent the proportional change from the combined index peak, and that index peak was the three-year average for 2015 to 2017.

The index was standardized to set that 2015 to 2017 value at 1. Everything is sort of compared relative to that. What we have seen here in this combined index is that we've got a little bit of stabilization since we've seen these decline. The last few years have sort of leveled out; we're not seeing the steep decline anymore. We're hopeful about that.

The 2024 value, which is essentially the average of the years from 2022 to 2024 is 0.56, and that represents a 44% decline from that index peak. We have not applied the positive, neutral, negative status to this particular indicator, because we think that it is doing something a little bit different. It's

already got a description of a percent decline sort of baked into it.

We're switching to the Georges Bank sub-stock area here. For Georges Bank we only have the Northeast Fishery Science Center Trawl Survey to work with. The graphs here you'll see the Science Center, spring is on the left and fall is on the right. What we have for recruit abundance is we see the status has been unchanged since the assessment, so they are both remaining neutral.

We did note that there has been an increasing trend in the annual values, so if you look at the graphics in particular you can see a little bit of an increased trend over the last few years with 2024 values representing the highest value we've seen in more than a decade here. The encounter rates for the Georges Bank Count Survey are both remaining positive, so this remains unchanged since the assessment.

Again, we have seen this sort of upward tick in the last few years with the 2024 values representing time series high for both seasons. Now we're switching to Southern New England stock. This is the Southern New England Young of Year Indices. If you are really on the ball, you'll notice that there are fewer of these now than there have been in the past.

We have discontinued presenting the Eastern Long Island Sound Index. Essentially, they made some changes to the methodology of that survey and those changes that they made essentially make it not comparable to past years. The last update we had for that was in 2021, and at the time it was negative. But we are no longer updating that, so that is not shown in the presentation or the document.

What is shown here is the Massachusetts on the top and Rhode Island on the bottom. As you can see, from the graphs and from the tables status has remained unchanged since the assessment. Both of these values the status are

negative. These are the recruit indices for Southern New England from the Trawl Surveys.

The top is the Northeast Fishery Science Center Survey followed by Massachusetts, then Rhode Island then Connecticut. Again, spring on the left fall on the right. As you can see, unfortunately we've got a solid line of black in that table. The status has remained unchanged since the assessment. All of the inshore and the federal surveys here are all negative. In 2024 values were time series lows for four of these surveys. For the Trawl Survey Encounter Rates, so same surveys as in the previous slide. Status again has remained unchanged since the stock assessment.

All of the inshore and the Science Center Surveys are all negative, and for 2024 the values were time series lows for three of these surveys. For the ventless trap survey we have, again this is by sex. Area 538, which is Southern Massachusetts, and then Area 539 which is Rhode Island, female on the left male on the right.

The status for the Area 538 females has declined from neutral into negative. That is the only change in terms of the status that we've got here. The 539, we did note that there was a relatively large uptick with the 2024 value. But we do note that first of all, this survey really has only been occurring since the depleted conditions in this stock have occurred.

It's sort of lacking the context of that really long history and the decline and change in the stock. Then it also needs to just apply a little bit of caution, in terms of talking about, interannual variations with that 2024 uptick. It's a little bit hard to interpret that without that longer context of the stock's history here.

In summary, for Gulf of Maine sub-stock, we see the conditions are really very similar to those reported in the 2025 stock assessment. It is not necessarily surprising; this is just one more additional year of data from the assessment. We're really seeing only marginal changes in the status of a few of the survey indicators, two of which improved, those

were the 512 Young of Year and the 513 Ventless Trap Survey male indices.

Then we had one decline, which was the Massachusetts fall survey encounter rate. We did note that as we were going through these that many of the 2024 annual values in the Massachusetts Area 514 were negative this time around. For the Georges Bank sub-stock, conditions are unchanged from those reported in the 2025 assessment. For Southern New England conditions remained unchanged and all of them were unfortunately continued to be negative. That is all I have; I can take questions.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thank you, Tracy, a lot of information there. I'll look to the Board for any questions for Tracy. Carl Wilson.

MR. CARL WILSON: Tracy, please extend my gratitude or my gratitude to yourself and to the TC for the work for pulling this work together and adding the combined index again. I feel that these annual updates are really helpful for bridging the gap between the assessment, and really helps the concept that the assessment shouldn't be a surprise. I just wanted to send my appreciation to the group that were reading these and their work is valued.

I did have a question regarding other indices that might be out there, and specifically around an oceanographic or environmental indices. This was a major theme within the assessment. Just wondering if you guys have thought if there is anything outside of just survey indices that could be updated on an annual basis.

MS. PUGH: We haven't really talked about adding any of the environmental indicators into this data update. I think that when we originally developed this data update process at the end of the 2020 assessment, the idea was to sort of get us indicators that gave a good handle on what to expect in the relatively near future. Obviously the young of year indicators, which of these is not like the others here.

We've got a significant lag between the young of year and where we would expect things coming into the landings. But with the others, the idea being that we're using them to have a look at what we might be expecting down the pipeline within a short time future. I think that there are a couple of indicators that we use in the stock assessment that we could probably include here.

But I think the interpretation is a little bit different from the purpose of this data update, at least as I understood it. I think that is something that we could consider and think about, and if the Board has some specific recommendations on things they would like to see, it just would be, we'll leave it at that. There are some possibilities, but I'm not sure interpretation-wise for the purpose of these updates, we would have to think about interpretation of whatever we added.

MR. WILSON: Just a question for the Chair. Is it something that we would need to do through a motion, some sort of environmental oceanographic indicators or just as the TC to consider and bring something forward?

CHAIR ZOBEL: Yes, a task for the TC would probably be the best way to handle that.

MR. WILSON: Okay, maybe some more conversations and then we can come back.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I have Steve Train next.

MR. STEPHEN TRAIN: Tracy, I appreciate all the work you do to get this stuff, and I know it's not just you. It is beyond a lot of my understanding of this, but I can read a graph. I think when it's going up and down it probably shows that the fishing effort is not as large a contributor as we think it is.

But when it's stable, I think a lot of times it shows that the management has figured something out and we've got the effort and balance. The problem I have when those graphs go stable is I very rarely see them if they are stable for very long work back up. They tend to start working back down.

That makes me nervous, to have too long a stable period that is well below the levels that we're used to. If I can add on to what Carl just said, I would like to move to task. I think somebody has the motion there on the computer, and I would like to make this motion for a tasking for you guys. If it can come up, I will be happy to read it.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Carl, go ahead.

MR. WILSON: Steve, do you think we can get to this motion in a few minutes? For making motions I would like to move to the idea of adding oceanographic or environmental indicators to the annual update before we get to the padding to the assessment, which you have.

MR. TRAIN: With approval of the Chair, I will wait on my motion.

CHAIR ZOBEL: So approved, anything else, Steve, before we continue on with comments and we'll come back.

MR. TRAIN: Just let me know when you're back to me, thank you.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Got it. Jason McNamee.

DR. JASON McNAMEE: Thanks so much, Tracy, a lot of information, appreciate all of that work. I find kind of tracking these indicators valuable as well, not so much in Southern New England, because it kind of looks the same year to year. But good to know that as well, it's important information.

Going back to Carl's suggestion. I just had a thought. I like the idea of pulling in some of these environmental indicators, and maybe I thought there might be an opportunity. This is not necessarily for you, Tracy. Sorry, I just wanted to thank you for the information. This is for the Board. Rather than tasking the TC, I was thinking about the state of the ecosystem

reports that NOAA does, where they are kind of collecting all of this information.

I think I know with respect to like federal species, in the Regional Council's they have like there is this opportunity to kind of meet with the state of the ecosystem folks and kind of help them configure indicators that would be valuable. Maybe rather than asking the TC to do that work we could ask the federal government to kind of help us by taking the stuff they are already doing and kind of customizing it a little bit for lobster.

They have a couple of different products; there is like the big report that they do which may be valuable. But then they do some smaller like stock specific versions as well. I'll just offer that as a suggestion. Maybe that conversation happens first, we see what information there is, what is relevant for lobster, and see if we can kind of tap into that part before tasking the TC to kind of repeat, what I think would be repeating stuff that is already going on.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Carl Wilson.

MR. WILSON: Jason, you might be in a better position to capture that in a motion.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I don't think we need a motion for that, if that is a direction the Board wants to take and have some conversation with NOAA Fisheries. It sounds like Jason is willing to have some of those discussions and it can be noted at the Board level as well. We don't need a motion for that; we can just move in that direction. Toni, go ahead.

MS. KERNS: Renee, I agree with that. I think one of the things that maybe we should think about is whether or not we want to ask NOAA to present to the Policy Board on sort of bigger picture aspect of the state of the ecosystem report and include some specific criteria or actions for lobster at that time, or we only want to get a presentation to the Lobster Board on some specific things.

Jason, I think if you and Tracy, like we could figure out a way to have a conversation with Joe over at

the Science Center, who I think is coordinating most of this work. We could figure that out from there. I'm not sure we would be able to impact the upcoming State of the Ecosystem Report, because that is well underway. We do a lot of this coordination work with the core team and having a better understanding of what is going on in those reports.

I know that they will be finished and presented to the New England SSC at the end of March. Then the core team will get it in April. I think this could impact the following cycle. If there is value for other stuff that this Commission wants to see then I would think it would be the Policy Board, and we could get some specific lobster stuff within that.

CHAIR ZOBEL: That seems like a reasonable way to move forward, unless I see any opposition to that from the Board. Okay, seeing none; continue on with the conversation. Go ahead, Carl Wilson.

MR. WILSON: Kind of continuing this theme of annual updates leading into potentially some oceanographic or environmental updates. I've got a task that is keyed up that Mr. Train can bring forward. But what I'm hoping to do and if we have a conversation around this, is task the TC with developing reference points, biological reference points. But do it in a manner that is outside of the assessment cycle, to allow some scoping of that work and some time for consideration. Happy to have a conversation on that.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Okay, Steve, I think you tried to bring that forward earlier. I'm going to go back to you for the opportunity.

MR. TRAIN: I would like to **move to task the TC and SAS to develop and evaluate candidate biological reference points that account for non-stationarity of environmental conditions/productivity. Report back to the Lobster Management Board in advance of the Fall/Annual 2027 meeting, and annually before**

the next stock assessment. I can explain a little bit further if there is a second.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Is there a second to the motion? Jason McNamee. Go ahead, Steve.

MR. TRAIN: As I said earlier, I think it's important to have factors that take into more. We've been trying to manage fisheries in a different way, since we just used to use F10 and the old square. I think this meets more of the dynamics that go into fisheries management. It's one more, I don't know if you want to call it a tool or a set of tools that we can use to inform us, and that will be reported to us regularly.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Jason, anything additional to add?

DR. McNAMEE: I'm supportive of this. Thinking back, I think the Technical Committee has looked at biological reference points a number of times over the years, and I appreciate that. I don't know that there has been this kind of work though to kind of look at stock recruitment relationships incorporating directly in the math environmental covariates.

I think it can connect in with what we just talked about a couple minutes ago, if we get some different environmental indices that we can kind of bring to bear. I think this would be valuable. Then I'm also thinking prospectively a little bit about a potential conversation we have today about different types of evaluations that we might want to do, and this could be valuable in that context as well to sort of understand if we have this kind of a stock recruit relationship, what does that mean for some management options we might think about.

I think there is a lot of value here, I do. It's not an insignificant amount of work. I think the way you read this, people might think it's specific to just stock recruit relationships with environmental covariates. I read it a little broader than that, where I think we can just sort of collect different types of biological reference points, the ones we're already kind of using, however you want to characterize those.

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But what we're doing now, some more like proxy type values, you know maybe some research on what do they use in other crustacean fisheries around the world by way of proxy values. Then this specific environmental covariate I see as having a stock recruit model with an additional couple of parameters in it.

Just kind of like getting a collection of different types of biological reference points that might be valuable to use for the lobster fisheries, the way that I kind of interpret the motion. I think it's worth the effort. Whether we use the Technical Committee to do this or contract it out, I think is maybe another part of the discussion here, depending on how folks are feeling about the workload of the Technical Committee. But to have it I think is really important for some of the work we're thinking about doing with the stock.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I'll open it up for Board discussion. I have Bob Glenn.

MR. BOB GLENN: Yes, I would express that similar to Carl and Jay that I think there is a lot of value to looking at biological reference points, and certainly incorporating environmental conditions and stock productivity conditions into them. I think that makes a lot of sense.

That said, I have some reservations about how this times; relative to our next agenda item to talk about, which is kind of essentially looking at the TCs advice around how to move forward with lobster management and the potential to do some scoping with the fishing industry, with the focus on defining what the management objectives are.

I'm just a little concerned timing wise that I think under having a better understanding of the management objectives would really inform the candidate biological reference points, and so I am just a little concerned that this may be premature relative to that process. I'm not sure how the two would run together. I just have

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some fairly strong reservations about that, about the TC maybe getting ahead of and giving the Board a bunch of biological reference points that don't necessarily really match the direction what the management objectives are.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Next up I have Roy Miller.

MR. ROY W. MILLER: For Steve or Jason's consideration. I just wanted to make sure I understood what the term non-stationarity meant. I presume it means changes, or is there some other definition to non-stationarity? Jay.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Go ahead.

DR. McNAMEE: I don't need to jump out at Mr. Train if he wanted to offer. I think in this context non-stationarity would mean, you know you have a certain amount of productivity in the stock during a certain time period and things in the environment change, and that productivity drops, so it's changing. Exactly as you suggested.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Online I have Emerson Hasbrouck.

MR. EMERSON HASBROUCK: I have a question for the maker and the seconder. This motion is somewhat nonspecific. Is this for Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank and Southern New England, or just a subset of those three stock areas?

CHAIR ZOBEL: Go to either Mr. Train or Mr. McNamee for that.

MR. TRAIN: I'm sorry, Gulf of Maine, George Bank centric, so I should have been more specific, but it is for the Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank Stock. It is broad in that we need to find what environmental factors or other factors may be affecting the stock, we don't know yet, so that is intentional.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I'm going to go to Jeff Kipp for some clarification.

MR. JEFF J. KIPP: Just for clarification on this, so just trying to understand what would be expected if they were to go forward on the report back to the

Board. Is the idea to report back on is this like a precursor to actual implementation of these types of reference points. To manage the fisheries as sort of a report back on potential reference points that could be used once we get to an assessment, where we have that background work done.

Then that could be pulled into an assessment and sort of expedite the use of these reference points, or would the idea be that these would be something that you would be looking from at the Technical Committee to make a recommendation on where we are relative to those reference points when we come back to the Board in 2027 to potentially act on them.

MR. WILSON: Steve, this is Carl, if I may answer. The former in that I think it would be good to do some of the work so you've banked that investment of thought process before the next assessment. My journey of having participated in a few of these assessments, reference points are kind of often left to the last bit once all the data and models have been run, et cetera, et cetera. This would be kind of a front load of something more.

CHAIR ZOBEL: David Borden.

MR. DAVID V.D. BORDEN: Maybe this is a question for Jeff or staff. How long might this change take to do? What do you think a realistic timeframe is, Jeff, to accomplish this? I'm not trying to push it forward or delay it. I'm just wondering what you think.

MR. KIPP: I think a 2027 annual meeting deadline is certainly doable for the Technical Committee to do some sort of exploratory work of potentially what may be out there that we could use, what kind of work has been done on non-stationarity for reference points to report back to the Board. I think that is a reasonable timeline.

I think that it kind of plays into the next discussion, which was brought up, and that

there is a potential workload coming to the TC for exploring management objectives and potentially management strategy evaluations down the road. You know that is another workload that we don't yet have defined, and so if that is the case we would have to think about how that might impact this task and that workload and how to balance those two out.

MR. BORDEN: Follow up. Jeff, would that include some kind of peer review of the results?

MR. KIPP: That's why I asked my clarification question. I would say if this was something to be implemented by the Board and that was the goal, then absolutely that would need to be peer reviewed. But my understanding from the clarification was that this would be sort of a background work from the TC, so that when we do get to the next benchmark assessment, we are more ready to go than if we didn't do that work, and that it would then be peer reviewed at that point with the assessment, and would then go to the Board for potential use in management.

MR. BORDEN: Okay, thank you.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Tracy, you had something you wanted to add?

MS. PUGH: Yes, thank you. I think that a number of us have probably already been thinking about this work, in terms of what we heard from the assessment peer review. You know we heard pretty loud and clear that we should be exploring reference points around productivity for the stocks. It certainly is on my to do list, independent of any kind of tasking here.

One of the things that I would ask for, in terms of some clarity moving forward. We can start diving into the literature now and start doing our homework on what's out there, what's available. But when it comes to actually developing something, the reference points are designed to essentially help you avoid certain conditions, or to help you maintain certain conditions.

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I think that that is where we really need some guidance from the Board as to what are those conditions and what reference points are they looking to, to describe where we are in relation to those conditions. That comes back again to that management strategy evaluation and the tasking that hopefully will be talked about later, in terms of developing these goals and stuff.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Joe Cimino, did I see your hand?

MR. JOE CIMINO: I appreciate the clarifications that have come through with Jeff's questions and his response to David Borden. I have no objections at all to the exploration or a chance to visit this earlier. The unspoken part of this motion has at least been confirmed that it still falls in. As we may attempt to use new reference points it's going to fall back into the peer review process, and that is ultimately where the Board would be using that. I think that is a very important part of the process that kind of wasn't fully touched on in the motion itself.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Seeing no more hands to the Board, I am going to go out to the public if there are any questions or comments from the public on this. Patrice.

MS. PATRICE McCARRON: Patrice McCarron with the Maine Lobsterman's Association. I have I guess a question for Tracy that I think relates directly to this. I was wondering about the combined Gulf of Maine Index. My understanding is we've been using the reference period of 2015 to 2017, because it had coincided with the previous stock assessment, which was in place when it was developed.

Does that mean that the reference point will travel forward because we have a new stock assessment? Because it will make a big difference how much we've declined, which I guess feeds directly into this conversation, where I do think it makes sense to be looking at developing reference points.

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Because it is kind of arbitrary what we're doing now, basing things off the peak or should we be basing things off something else. To Mr. Glenn's point, I do think it will relate to the management objectives as well. There is a lot of work to do. But specific to the Gulf of Maine Combined Index, I was curious what would happen to the reference period, since we have a new stock assessment.

MS. PUGH: Yes, so I can personally address that, I guess. We maintained that index essentially the way that it had been being calculated. We didn't make any changes to that. The 2015 to 2017, essentially what we've done is standardize the index around that value. The idea being that 2015 to 2017 average at the last stock assessment would be those animals recruiting into the fishable population for the terminal year of the stock assessment.

They are like one molt shy of the terminal year, which was 2018. It is the peak, like it was the peak of the stock. If conditions had gone up, you know we would have seen values higher than 1. It just happens to be that they went down, so we have values less than 1. It's really just sort of a centering of that index, and sort of watching how it changes again over time.

I'm not sure how much that helps, Patrice, answer your question. You know we could explore recentering it around another year, but essentially all that's going to do is move where 1 is on the graph. Whether we're going up and down doesn't necessarily matter, I think, depending on where we center it. Jeff, if you've got anything to add to that please feel free.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Caitlin is going to jump in and then we'll go to Jeff if there is anything additional.

MS. STARKS: Just to clarify. As Tracy was just mentioning, it's just a matter of where 1 is on that graph. At this point there is no management action tied to that indicator. Not that it doesn't matter how much percent decline, but it's not tied to a management action.

MR. KIPP: I was just going to add one note that this is new to this data update as requested by the Board, so we did discuss sort of how to present this. It's a little different than our other indicators. That is why we didn't have any lines on that figure. Like Caitlin said, there is no management threshold associated with that not so it is just an index, with the values sort of open to interpretation. There is no line or anything that relates it to an action or anything like that anymore, and that's how we decided to present that in this new format in the data update.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Any other questions or comments from the public? Seeing none; I'm going to bring it back to the Board briefly and then we'll move this forward. Seeing no more hands for the Board, do we need a minute to caucus? Let's try it this way. **Is there any objection to the motion on the board? Okay, seeing no objection from the Board, this carries by consent.** We're going to keep Tracy on the hook for a few more minutes.

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE REPORT OF BOARD TASKS

CHAIR ZOBEL: We're going to move to some Technical Committee report on tasks that they've been up to per our request. Back to you, Tracy.

MS. PUGH: Okay, hopefully I have enough water left and I'm not going to cough all over you guys, sorry. This is essentially reviewing the memo that we prepared that was requested to sort of revisit some guidance around the development of management strategy evaluations, specifically for the Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank Stock here.

Just a little bit of background. I think you guys already remember all of this, but the Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank Stock abundance did decline 34% from the previous assessment. That previous assessment just happened to dip at all-time highs, so we have declined from

record highs. The abundance is currently below our fishery industry target reference point.

That target reference point was set really around sort of economic concerns and conditions. Declining below that target is essentially suggesting that we've got potential for degrading economic conditions. Abundance is above the biological limit, so the stock is not depleted. Exploitation is just above the threshold, overfishing technically is occurring.

But again, we should caution that that exploitation status and its interpretation is less certain than our abundance status. We have not specifically tied any management recommendations to the exploitation reference points. Our recommendation coming out of the stock assessment for Georges Bank/Gulf of Maine stock was to immediately initiate a Management Strategy Evaluation process.

The goals of this process that we see are really to clearly identify management objectives for the stock, and do this across all stakeholder, all industry stakeholders, to improve the understanding of the socioeconomic status and concerns, and to identify what potential management tools are out there that are going to have some sort of buy-in from the industry, that will then allow prevention declining towards the biological limits, you know what kind of tools can we apply.

We made two recommendations to essentially get this process started. The first recommendation that we've made is to form a Steering Committee. The Steering Committee would then be responsible for sort of the scoping and coordination of all of the different aspects of an MSE process.

We note that an MSE really requires an interdisciplinary approach, including a fair amount of expertise that will need to come from outside the TC. The Technical Committee membership does not include folks with socioeconomic backgrounds or expertise. That would be the biggest thing we really need to pull in.

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Our recommendations for membership of the Steering Committee would be to include some representations from the Board, from the Technical Committee, from ASMFC staff, certainly from industry stakeholders, from members of the ASMFC Committee on Economics and Social Sciences, and then from members of the ASMFCs either the Science and Assessment or the Management and Science Committees, preferably with some past MSE experience.

We sort of would foresee this as being populated through nominations and then Board action to approve those numbers. One thing I wanted to note that we did think that the size of this group, getting the balance in the size of this group will be a little bit of a challenge. We want to make sure that it's not too big that it doesn't function very well.

But we do want to make sure that we tap the right people and get the right expertise involved in this steering committee. The second recommendation that we have is to start up a formal process for developing management goals and objectives for the fisheries in the Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank. The Steering Committee would sort of develop and flesh out this process.

The TC is essentially recommending that this would include a series of meetings, and our idea here was that these would start sort of very small and local scale, to collect perspectives from industry members on smaller local scales, and then sort of iteratively feed those perspectives into broader and broader to get up to the regional or the stockwide scale, so that we're bringing in perspectives and compiling them as we go.

We would really like to reiterate that the development of these management objectives is a necessary first step for the Management Strategy Evaluation. But the development of these objectives doesn't necessarily commit the Board to continuing into pursuing a formal MSE.

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We think that going through this process and getting these clear objectives identified will benefit both the Board and the industry, regardless of whether or not they decide to move forward with further pursuit of an MSE. The cost associated with these initial steps kind of depend on the scale. We do think that it would be extremely important to make use of a professional facilitator here. We think this will be critical to guiding respectful and productive conversations throughout these meetings and throughout the process. The cost for that could range anywhere, ballpark from \$40,000.00 to \$100,000.00; depending on the level of involvement of that facilitator, and then associated meeting costs, so for all of those meetings and things like that there would be cost involved. That is really all I have here, so I can answer any questions that folks have.

CHAIR ZOBEL: To the Board for any questions. Carl Wilson.

MR. WILSON: Thanks, Tracy, and thanks again for putting the time in to develop these recommendations for the Board. A question for you, in the document there is mention of across all stakeholders. Just sort of wondering if the TC had a preference on what stakeholders mean, in this case.

MS. PUGH: We did not talk in depth about what stakeholders means beyond the fishers themselves. I think that that could be up to the Board, and I think that if folks remember back to what Dr. Tom Miller reported from the Peer Review. You know I think the Peer Review talked about varying scales and scopes of an MSE process.

The more segments of stakeholders you involve, obviously the bigger it gets. Whether it's just fishers or we go fishers, dealers and et cetera. I think that would be up to the Board as decisions are made about the scale and what you all want to see with this.

CHAIR ZOBEL: David Borden.

MR. BORDEN: I think is a worthwhile effort, but I am a little bit skeptical, and I have to voice some of

my skepticism by stating that the Board and the Commission went through 7 years of Plan Development on the last addendum the last time. I would point out that the state of Maine in particular went through Herculean efforts to get a buy-in from the constituency.

When we start defining goals and objectives for the industry that fold in a lot of different parameters, how do we know that those won't change, or for the timeline of either the development of this or the development of an addendum to do something? They were at the point where that index that Tracy spoke about was down 42%. It's pretty dramatic. I don't have an alternative strategy, I'm just saying that I'm a little bit skeptical that things won't change, even if we do this.

There are a lot of positive aspects of this that were not followed the last time, because we're actually getting into the economics of the industry and trying to get some economic parameters. I'm a little bit skeptical, but that way, that we won't just fall into the same trap.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Any other questions? Go ahead, Carl Wilson.

MR. WILSON: Yes, I think skepticism is definitely warranted when it comes down the seas, and it really comes from the buy in of all stakeholders. I would agree with Tracy's point that stakeholders, in my mind in this case, represents the fishing industry.

This feels very much like a top-down approach, and my feeling in order for this to work, at least from a Maine perspective it needs to be a bottom-up approach. If the Board does feel the need to move forward with this, and we have a motion prepared to start that conversation. You know my first move would be to go as local as possible, to start to understand what objectives would be coming from the industry. I think anytime that government is telling people how to run their business and based on

economics, at least our state runs into sticky territory at that point.

Additionally, I think the step of going full bore into a modeling exercise feels a little bit premature. At this point, we're nearly 30 years since Addendum III was passed. I think it's a very worthwhile exercise for us all to think about the goals and objectives of what this FMP are, and how that might feed into a future MSE assessment.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Carl, you mentioned a motion, why don't you bring that forward.

GUIDANCE ON MANAGEMENT STRATEGY EVALUATION FOR GOM/GBK

MR. WILSON: Happy to modify as the Board chooses here too. **Move to form a Steering Committee (SC), to first;**

1. Review existing management objectives, as outlined in Amendment#3 and subsequent addenda, relative to the current GOM/GBK stock status, and social/economic conditions facing the fishery today.

2. Develop a process that would clearly identify new management objectives (across all stakeholders), to better understand socioeconomic status and concerns, and to identify potential management tools. Recommend that the representation on the SC shall follow recommendations outlined in the January 20, 2026 Technical Committee memo. The SC will recommend a process for both tasks for the August 2026 Board Meeting.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Do we have a second for the motion? Jay McNamee. Any additional rationale, Carl?

MR. WILSON: Yes, this motion would form the basis of a precursor to pursuing a management strategy evaluation of the current stock status in the Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank warrant attention, as stock abundance fell below the fishing industry target, indicating potential for degradation of economic conditions of the lobster industry, but

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remained above the biological reference points, indicating the stock is not depleted.

Certainly, and we'll talk a little bit about our updates from New England states. Certainly, the economics of the fishery are stressing the Maine fishery right now and we've heard that loud and clear. I think from the Maine perspective there is definitely utility to talking about what the objectives are and where we all want to go.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Jason, anything to add?

DR. McNAMEE: Yes, thank you, Madam Chair. I mean this is exciting. I've been a proponent of moving forward with a process like this for a while. I think this is a really important first step. I agree with everything that the Technical Committee said. You know this is kind of the core of whatever you want to call it, any future analysis to kind of understand the objectives that you are trying to achieve is critical. It's not trivial, it's like hard to get. I like the idea of the Steering Committee approach and I'll just offer the approach. It's so dated now at this point, but we did an approach like this with menhaden, the EMOW, Ecosystem Management Objective Workshop, and so there is a model that folks can look at. It was like maybe a decade ago now that that occurred, but we still talk about it. Maybe it's just me talking about it. But I think it still comes up from time to time, so it was valuable to do that.

It was like a facilitated discussion. There is a model there to kind of look to on how we might want to structure something for lobster. Positive step forward, I am excited. I think it will be great to kind of in a vacuum get the objectives sort of locked down. Then we can move forward with the other mechanical pieces of doing a more comprehensive evaluation.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I'm going to go to Bob and Toni.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ROBERT E. BEAL: I'm not trying to steer the outcome of this motion by

any means, but just a couple comments on the fiscal reality of all this. This motion doesn't really cost any money. Just forming a steering committee to tackle a few things. But it is the first step potentially in MSE, a facilitated workshop that leads into an MSE.

You know we did not set aside anything in this year's budget for the next step, as I see it after this steering committee gets their work done. It doesn't mean we can't do it, it just means we have to figure out exactly where that money would come from if we want to initiate anything later in this calendar year with a facilitator and a workshop and that sort of thing.

The range that was up there before, 40 to 100 thousand. If we're kind of on the lower end of that I think we can probably find some money to do it, either this year or early next year. We have some rollover money from a grant, a multi-year grant that believe it or not is still left over from COVID years when we didn't meet in person.

We've been rolling that board over and over. We have to use that money in the first half of this year, but that may free up some money for the second half of this year. I don't want to get into the weeds, but if we get to the point where the Board decides and the industry decides they want to pursue a full MSE, that has a bigger price tag on it, and that one we're going to need to sort of think about the source of that money if and when we get there.

Again, I think moving forward makes a lot of sense. That seems to be where the Board is going. I just want to sort of caution the Board and sort of set up that conversation down the road on where the money might come from for the full MSE if the Board ends up going that far.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Yes, those of us who have been involved in MSEs know that this is not a small task, nor do they cost zero money. Okay, on my list I have Bob Glenn.

MR. GLENN: I would echo and share Mr. Borden's skepticism to some extent. But that said, I also

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think it's important for the Board to really look forward and try to align management objectives with expectations in the fishing industry. As Mr. Wilson said, I think to really achieve that I think we need to have more engagement and try to start up what is a bottom's up approach, and get some ownership and some buy in from the fishing industry and what the management objectives are going to be. Along those lines I am very supportive of this.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Doug Grout.

MR. DOUGLAS E. GROUT: I wanted to first of all say that I think that an MSE approach is more of a bottom-up approach than our current management approach, where usually the Board maybe with some AP advice comes up with the objectives of the plan. This I would see as an MSE, it tends to get the industry involved in a conversation of the developing objectives and goals of the management plan, and then we use modeling to help inform that decision with them. But I also understand what the size of our industry, from Maine down to Rhode Island.

It would be a huge, huge, very difficult, probably very long undertaking. I think this motion starts to get at a way to try and develop some; to look at some management objectives that would help us address some of the socioeconomic issues right now. I support this, but I hope at some point we might at least try the MSE approach, to try and get the industry involved. If it doesn't succeed, so be it. But I think that is the way we have to do it, we've got to talk to the industry about this.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Jason McNamee.

DR. McNAMEE: Yes, just going back to Bob Beal's comments. One thing that might be valuable to do is just taking a count of what elements that we are going to, maybe just mapping that out, like what are the elements that we need, and then figuring out what we already have. My information I think is probably a little dated at this point.

But I think there has been some thinking towards this goal already going on, and there may be pieces of the machine built already that wouldn't cost us money. I just think that kind of going, talking to in particular the Technical Committee and the Stock Assessment Committee.

In particular our federal partners on the Stock Assessment Committee and finding out what they have available that is kind of ready to go might be some savings. But it's going to help us know how much we're going to have to spend on this in the end. I think it's worthwhile, because I do believe there has been some thinking and building on this already.

CHAIR ZOBEL: David Borden.

MR. BORDEN: I support the motion, make this quick, and to me one of the key aspects of this is going to be the socioeconomic. What is destroying the current industry at this point is the input cost. You're going to have to get into the economics of the industry.

In order to do that you are going to get direct input from people in the industry that can talk about that and figure out ways that we can deal with the compression of the margins in the industry. It's something that we don't normally do routinely in fisheries management, and I think in order to get a good output we're going to have to really get into the economic issues.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Before we move this forward, I'm going to go out to the public. Any comments or questions on the motion on the board? Patrice.

MS. McCARRON: I'm Patrice McCarron with the Maine Lobstermen's Association. I just want to say that I also support the motion. I don't support a full MSE. I went through the MSE for herring and it was maybe the singular most confusing and complicated process. What came out of it was something that wasn't even understandable to me for having been through the process. I think engaging the industry on this is the place to go.

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It is a big industry, but I think this is the opposite of what happened on Addendum XXVII. When Addendum XXVII started the industry got together to talk about resilience. I remember going to New Hampshire Fish and Game, and then that all blew up. What the industry got was a directive from the Commission that the indices were going down, that spawning stock biomass was chosen that resulted in the gauge.

We very much felt like we just received the management mandate. I think this is a real opportunity to go back, look at Amendment 3, figure out what we need to be doing given the changing economic conditions, and try to move this industry forward in a positive way. As the precursor to the MSE I strongly support that.

MS. ZOBEL: Any other public comments or questions? Yes, sir, in the back.

MR. JASON JOYCE: My name is Jason Joyce, I'm with NEFSA, New England Fishermen's Stewardship Association. I support this. I am not real familiar with the MSE, but I know in the creation of this from my understanding, I am on the Lobster Advisory Council in Maine, and we first talked about an MSE at our last meeting, which to me is under the context of resiliency and conservation equivalency.

If this is the way to get to that, under this MSE and creating this SC, I think that is a good thing. I would just remind everyone that with the previous gauge increase that was felt by the industry. I'm a lobster fisherman; I'm an 8th generation lobster fisherman and I currently fish. That was felt that it was from the top down. If this is a way to come from the bottom up, as Carl had mentioned, I think industry will support it and you'll get some great ideas. Thank you.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thank you, Mr. Joyce. Seeing no other hands in the room or online, I am going to go back to the Board. Steve Train.

MR. TRAIN: I try not to echo what has been said, but on this topic, I think I have to. This motion is important. I think this needs to go forward, I fully support it. People have no idea the input cost in this fishery lately. As the stock biomass declines, stabilizing now, and as their landings decline, the costs have still continued to increase. It's not just on the boat, it's shoreside access and everything else. This is very important.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Ray Kane.

MR. RAYMOND W. KANE: I can support this motion. But my only reservation, we've heard from Carl and from Pat, is getting the stakeholders to come to the table and actually discuss an MSE. The Atlantic Sea herring MSE was the first one ever demonstrated in the northeast. I think we've come a long way with MSEs since then. That is my underlying concern that stakeholders, hopefully Steve Train can talk to his stakeholders, that they will actually participate in the MSE.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Seeing no other hands around the table. I haven't heard any objection to this, so we'll try. **Is there any objection to the motion on the board? Seeing no objection the motion carries by consent.** Thank you all. I just want to take a second to thank the TC for the amount of work. We've had a couple presentations with a lot of information from our Technical Committee. The lobster and crab Technical Committees are both very busy committees, and they do a monumental amount of incredible work. I just wanted to personally say thank you to the committee.

AMERICAN LOBSTER ADVISORY PANEL REPORT

CHAIR ZOBEL: Moving on to the Advisory Panel Report. Caitlin.

MS. STARKS: I'll keep this very brief. I'm reporting out on behalf of Grant Moore, since he couldn't make it to the meeting today. That is the Lobster Advisory Panel Chair. I'll just summarize very quickly the comments made during the meeting.

But the AP met on a webinar on January 12 to review the 2025 benchmark stock assessment and peer review report, and provide some input to the Board on the assessment findings and the state of the fishery from their perspective. Seven advisors attended the meeting and Tracy Pugh summarized the Peer Review and Stock Assessment Report, and then the AP had some questions and discussion on the results.

First, I will just summarize some of the comments related to the Southern New England stock. One advisor commented that he thinks the assessment does not necessarily account for the predator species like scup and black sea bass that are well above their management targets in the region. He thinks that those are negatively impacting the lobster stock.

This advisor also commented about the habitat lost that has occurred in the region and the associated decreases in lobster productivity. Then other advisors from Southern New England also spoke to the low amount of effort that is currently in the region, and there was general agreement that there is not a need to further restrict the fishery in Southern New England because of that.

More focused on the Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank stock. One advisor expressed that unless there is an improvement in law enforcement, management measures won't be effective, and noted that there could be a lot of effort removed if the current regulations were fully enforced. Then another advisor emphasized that it's important to recognize the regional differences in Gulf of Maine/Georges Bank within that stock when thinking about management.

He highlighted that some areas are quite stable and the future is looking healthy, where other areas are more concerning. He added that when regulations are developed there needs to be consideration of how those can have different effects in different areas within the stock region.

This advisor also noted that there have been declines in the number of fishermen or fishing licenses in Maine, and that trips may also be declining. Then lastly, another advisor stated that the Board should not consider any new regulations until after the next set of rules related to right whales are established, because those could also serve for lobster conservation as well. That really sums up the AP meeting, and I can take any questions.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Any questions for Caitlin? David Borden.

MR. BORDEN: I would like to just follow up on one of the points that was just made, in terms of the predation issue. This is an issue that has come up repeatedly over the past couple of years. You literally cannot attend a meeting where lobstermen are present in Southern New England, where almost everybody gets talking about predation.

I don't have a resolution for it, but I would like to make a suggestion on how we proceed on this. I think it would be useful to refer this issue to the technical people, and the next time they have a meeting put this on the agenda, and talk about ways that we could develop an analysis that would delve into the whole issue and kind of test some of the concepts that I think needed to be tested, which is basically, what is the impact due to predation on Southern New England population.

What I'm looking for, and I want to be clear. I'm not asking them to do any analysis. I think they should just formalize some questions that come back to the Board, and then we might refer those questions to the ecosystem group down at Woods Hole, and ask them to integrate those concerns into whatever their outputs.

I spoke to Jason before the meeting and he said there are researcher's modelers now in New York that are looking at projects that we might be able to integrate those questions into that process. All I'm asking is for the technical people to look at it and give us some suggestions on how we would move

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forward with an examination of those concerns, rather than just leave this.

My fear is, and this will be quick, is at some point somebody is going to suggest additional management measures in Southern New England for whatever reason. At that point the industry is going to go to the meeting and say, you have to address this concern, and we're not going to make any progress on those issues. I think we ought to do something in advance to try to address it.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Any other members of the Board with questions? Okay, seeing none we are going to go north to south for Industry Survey and State Updates. I'm going to move to Carl Wilson for the state of Maine.

REPORTS FROM GULF OF MAINE STATES ON INDUSTRY SURVEYS AND MEETINGS

MR. WILSON: Since our last Board meeting we've had another round of seven zone council meetings and one Lobster Advisory Council meeting. In those meetings we talked about the assessment results and started a discussion about, are there kind of small wins that might be had.

To that effect, our Lobster Advisory Council, which as a reminder is kind of a council of councils for Maine, created a subcommittee to pursue those ideas of if there are some small wins out there that are supported by the industry and developed by the industry. It's a way to continue to move the conversations forward. I think as we went through the assessment results, Maine is very much a tale of two different tapes, depending on which side of the state you're on. Northern and Eastern Maine has clearly seen some of the declines that the assessment spoke of, and I think that resonates well with the fishermen there. Meanwhile, in Southern and Western Maine, just as the assessment results are indicating, that there is a little bit more stability. They did not see the volatile increases in landings over

the last couple of decades, but they are also not seeing the declines as well. It is a bit of a mixed picture.

As we've also been talking about today, the economics of the fishery are very much front and center, regardless of where you are in the state, to Steve Train's earlier points about the input cost for this fishery are causing dramatic behavioral differences in how the fishery is pursuing lobsters right now. That's it.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I'll be super brief. I was scheduled to present our industry results and have a nice discussion at our Commercial Fishermen's Association meeting in January, which was canceled due to snowstorm and illness. This coming Wednesday our staff will be presenting and having that discussion. That's all I have, and then we move to Massachusetts. Bob, go ahead.

MR. GLENN: For us, this past weekend we had the opportunity to attend the Massachusetts Lobstermen's Association Annual Trade Show, and during that trade show we hosted a two-hour seminar, where we basically went soup to nuts through all the major issues facing lobster management, including went through the stock assessment trends in catch and effort, updates on the industry survey about what management options the industry was interested in.

We talked about bait supply, menhaden and herring, and we talked about North Atlantic Right Whales as well. It was a good opportunity for us to really engage with the industry and start to gauge with them some of the things that they might be interested in considering. It was overall a good meeting. We got a fair amount of feedback back on that, and we plan to have some follow up meetings with some of the members coming up. I believe it's next week.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thanks, Bob. Does anyone have any questions for any of the three of us? I am inclined to just move on, but I will check with the Board members. Next, we'll move to an update on a Request for Information of RFI for Alternative Gear

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Marking Framework, so Alli Murphy for NOAA Fisheries.

UPDATE ON REQUEST FOR INFORMATION FOR ALTERNATIVE GEAR MARKING FRAMEWORK

MS. ALLISON MURPHY: Just wanted to update you all that our previous projected timeline for the RFI was impacted by the lapse in appropriations this past fall, so we are a little bit behind schedule that we have talked about. The RFI remains in development and our hope is that we can get it published before the May meeting, with a meaningful comment period, and that we'll provide you a full briefing at your spring meeting. But stay tuned and we'll stay in touch with staff on how that is proceeding. Thank you.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Thanks for the update, Alli. Go ahead, Toni.

MS. KERNS: Thanks, Alli, appreciate that update. I just hope that that RFI is out before the Maine Fishermen's Forum occurs. I think that is a great time to be able to reach out to the lobster industry by NOAA. With that RFI we already missed the Mass Lobstermen's weekend, and in our letter to the Councils we had stated that these were two benchmarks that we would really like to see NOAA active at those meeting and engaging with industry about this issue. Hopefully it will be out by then.

REVIEW AND POPULATE AMERICAN LOBSTER ADVISORY PANEL MEMBERSHIP

CHAIR ZOBEL: Going to look for Tina to update us on Review and Populate American Lobster Advisory Panel Membership. Caitlin can also do it, Tina, if you would prefer. Okay, to Caitlin.

MS. STARKS: A nomination was submitted for Joe Fiorentino, for New Jersey. He is a recreational diver that lives in Pennsylvania.

CHAIR ZOBEL: We're going to go ahead and get a motion up. Joe Cimino.

MR. CIMINO: I would **move to approve the nomination to the American Lobster Advisory Panel for Joe Fiorentino, as stated a recreational diver from Pennsylvania.**

CHAIR ZOBEL: Is there a second? Dennis Abbott. Go ahead, Dennis.

MR. DENNIS ABBOTT: A question for Joe, just curious of why New Jersey is nominating someone from Pennsylvania.

MR. CIMINO: There is ocean access, a lot of our representation for fisheries, you know we see that with striped bass as well. There is a lot of overlap for fisher's access. This was someone that kind of reached out and we are supportive.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Go ahead, Dennis.

MR. ABBOTT: I know that I would be very curious if someone from Maine was nominated to be an advisor in New Hampshire, just puzzling.

MR. CIMINO: I would just say, there are parallels with just the way some of the stuff works out. Even in the commercial fishing world, I know that a New Jersey person is a Maryland representative for horseshoe crab, so it does happen sometimes.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Okay, **is there any opposition to the motion on the board? Seeing no opposition; we will welcome Mr. Fiorentino to the AP.**

OTHER BUSINESS

CHAIR ZOBEL: I am aware of, we're moving on to Other Business and we only have one piece of Other Business, so I am going to move to John Clark to introduce that.

MR. JOHN CLARK: This is a small request from a very small fishery in the LCMA 5. Essentially under the current management measures, the pots are supposed to be out of the water from February 1 to

March 31. What they are requesting is for the TC to look at changing the dates, because most of these guys are also black sea bass fishermen, and those dates are interfering with the time they would like to get their pots in the water.

What they are asking is to change the closure dates that were set under Addendum XVII to allow them, instead of allowing them not to set gear in the water under the current addendum, they could not put pots out until March 24, so they would like to move that earlier to March 9. But on the first end of the closure, instead of having to have all the gear out of the water from LCMA 5 by February 1, they would say that they would have their gear out of the water by January 16. We just would like the TC to see that. These closures were part of Addendum XVII, as I said from 2012, and it was part of a 10% effort reduction that was required of all LCMAs then. Some of us geezers were on the Board back then during those arguments. But anyhow, it's a fairly simple request and we just would like the TC to take a look at that. Thanks.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Caitlin.

MS. STARKS: I just want to ask a clarifying question to make sure I have the right dates. The times the gear would be out of the water would be January 16 to March 8. Thank you.

MR. CLARK: Correct, Caitlin, yes. They just wanted to do that shift, like at two weeks on each end.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Toni, go ahead.

MS. KERNS: John, you're just asking for a Technical Committee evaluation on the move, you're not necessarily asking for a conservation equivalency, because I'm pretty confident in my remembering of this issue when it was first put in place, it would be almost impossible to figure out if it's an equivalence, since we haven't had fishing during that time in a very long time.

Then just to set expectations for the fishery itself. While we can figure out how to make that change here at the Commission level, and Caitlin and I will have to sit down and actually think about whether this would require an addendum or not. But this rule lies in the hands of NOAA Fisheries, and so it would have to go through the federal rulemaking process prior to.

MR. CLARK: Right, and our key lobstermen understand that. But like I said, this would just be by offsetting the dates they are hoping that the TC will find that its not really a change in the amount of effort that they're putting in, especially since they would not be taking lobsters.

Sorry, another factor, Caitlin that I forgot to add in there is they wanted to make clear that even if they can put their pots in on March 9, they would not take any lobsters between March 9 and the end of the month. This is solely so they can get the black sea bass pots out.

CHAIR ZOBEL: David Borden.

MR. BORDEN: John raises a good point, I think about the addendum, that's going to comment. But what it made me reflect on is we've had other comments from other LCMTs on changes that need to be made, either in the Interstate Plan or the Federal Plan.

For instance, the Area 2 committee got together and fashioned a memo that was already submitted to the Board with a whole series of recommendations for changes, for instance on the ownership caps that don't exist, what they wanted to replace those with. I think it would be helpful for Caitlin, not at this point but for the next meeting, to research those and basically bring back a whole list of the potential changes that at some point we might integrate into an addendum.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Joe Cimino.

MR. CIMINO: Yes, I'm just curious on David's question, so I guess I'll direct this to David. Is that just kind of an update on where all the LCMAs are

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then? Getting an update on I guess the status of previous meetings?

MR. BORDEN: The intent is, we have received recommendations from some of these groups. All I'm asking Caitlin to do is put together a list of those recommendations, so that we can see a comprehensive list if other people around the table want to get recommendations from their LCMTs in their areas. Then I think it is their prerogative to have a meeting. The states really control the LCMT process. They could have a meeting with their LCMT between now and the next meeting, and bring recommendations to us.

CHAIR ZOBEL: All right, I think we have that documented if there is no opposition to that. Alli, go ahead.

MS. MURPHY: I have a question on another topic, so if there is any finalization to that I am happy to wait.

CHAIR ZOBEL: I'm not seeing any objection to that, so go ahead.

MS. MURPHY: Just a quick question on the closure period. You had mentioned resetting gear as of March 8, but then no fishing until the end of the month. Does the industry intend to fish for black sea bass during between March 8 and the end of the month?

MR. CLARK: Yes, that is their intention is they would fish for black sea bass, but they would not take any lobsters if they did get any lobsters in the pots.

MS. MURPHY: Thanks, I just asked that, because the way our regs are currently written is that resetting of traps are allowed, but fishing during that resetting period is not. That is something that I think we would want to look at our regs and would also be interested in the TCs analysis of impacts to lobsters being incidentally harvested during that time.

CHAIR ZOBEL: Is there any other business to come before the Board today? Go ahead, Hank. Sure, come up to the public mic.

MR. HANK SOULE: Thank you, Hank Soule with the Atlantic Offshore Lobstermen's Association. Caitlin, I was just going back to the Lobster AP meeting, I had a question. One of the advisors mentioned some concern with enforcement. I was just wondering just exactly what that concern was.

MS. STARKS: I believe their concern was just that they feel that, based on what they said, which was that if the current regulations were fully enforced there would be reductions in effort, that there might be some effort that fishing other traps. I think that was their concern.

MR. SOULE: To be clear, there was a concern about lack of enforcement of trap limits, is that correct, or you weren't sure?

MS. STARKS: Yes.

MR. SOULE: Okay, great, thank you very much.

ADJOURNMENT

CHAIR ZOBEL: Okay, with that we are adjourned at eleven o'clock on the money. You are very welcome.

(Whereupon the meeting adjourned at 11:00 a.m. on Tuesday, February 3, 2026)

From: [ASMFC](#)
To: [Comments](#)
Subject: [New] [External] New public comment for 2026 Spring Meeting
Date: Tuesday, March 17, 2026 9:40:21 AM


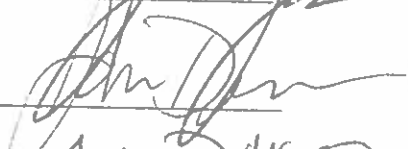


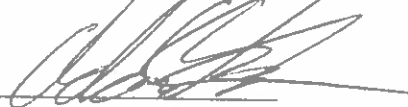





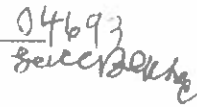


2026 Spring Meeting

Action Title
2026 Spring Meeting
Action URL
https://asmfc.org/events/2026-spring-meeting/
Name
Ken Stanvick
Email
kenneth.stanvick@comcast.net
State
New Hampshire
Comment
<p>Why did the ALMB not reach out for comments from recreational lobster fishermen? I listened to the last meeting and it was dominated by commercial fishermen who continue to discredit scientific evidence that lobsters are in trouble and changes need to be implemented. Recreational fishermen pay a higher price for licenses per trap and have had little if any voice . I have great regard and respect for the work you do and understand the politics you are up against.I am just suggesting that it would be advantageous to the fishery to reach out to this overlooked but important segment.</p> <p>Respectful Ken Stanvick</p>

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.



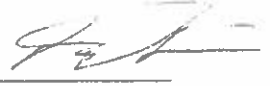



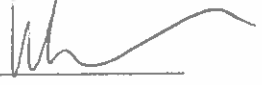


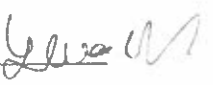


No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature





- 1 Jason Soyre 4796490 Swains Island #729 
- 2 John Drouin 263-9099 Cotta ME #3611 
- 3 Jessica Diisko New Harbor ~~0984~~ Back Cove Free ME 
- 4 Tom Austin 207-466-0043 SW9, ME 6243 NEU 
- 5 Adam Cleancek Islesford ME 1798 
- 6 Karl Byrum 55 Rowell RD ~~Brunswick ME~~ 
- 7 Clint Richardson 207-266-0344 43 Goodwin Pt Embury 
- 8 ~~George Prevez~~ Harpsweze, ME 9750 
- 9 Carli Chate 207-598-0084 Steuben, ME 04680 Carli Chate
- 10 Harrison Richardson 207-669-5987 Franklin ME 04631 
- 11 Dawson Hunt 207-546-0598 Corea, ME 04624 
- 12 Jace Bouchard 207 422 4407 Winter Harbor 04693 
Bouchard
- 13 Ian Thomas 207 4123380 Winter Harbor 04693
- 14 Virginia Olsen 207-240-0550 Stonington 04691 
- 15 Blaine Olsen 207-271-7016 Stonington 

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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature





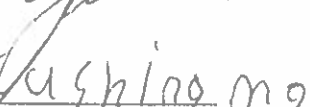
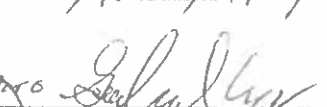

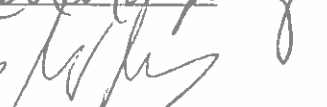
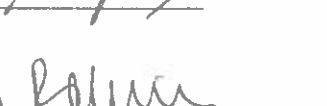
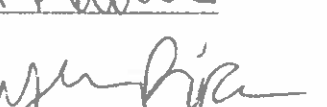





- 1 John Mitchell 207-266-4284 Bass Hbr 
- 2 Jason Magno 207-251-7750 Harpswell 
- 3 David P. Whelan 207-751-1587 Five Islands 
- 4 ALLEN THIBODEAN 207-837-1025 GEORGETOWN 
- 5 Andrew P. Whelan 207-837-2825 Georgetown 
- 6 Megan Thibodean 207-504-4622 Georgetown ME 
- 7 Wilson Bone 207 466 5184 Vinal Haven ME 
- 8 Levi Philbrook 207 975 2715 Ows Head ME 
- 9 Gabe Hanley 207-315-5647 South Bristol ME 
- 10 Lincoln Bull 207-380-6883 New Harbor, ME 
- 11 Blake Grady 207-707-0356 Jefferson, ME 
- 12 Carissa Hollowell 207-290-1725 Jefferson, ME 
- 13 Shane Jarvis (207) 598-8072 Jonesport ME
- 14 Mike Murphy 207-263-8902 Machiasport - ME
- 15 Ryan Murphy 207 263 3767 Machiasport ME

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lab. Lic. #	Port	Signature
3-7-26	David Perry	207 790 3250	2769 Washington Rd		Waldoboro ME	
3-7-26	Jeff Godard	(207) 975-2295				
3-7-26	Alan Muth	207 596 9394				
3-7-26	Matthew Moody	207-542-4541	1233 Main St		Waldoboro	
3-7-26	Maxwell Moody	207-975-6846	936 st R+		129 Walpole	
3-7-26	Sam moody	207-975-1032	1233 Main St		Waldoboro	
3-7-26	Adam Simmons	207-790-3510			Friendship Me.	
3-7-26	John Hersey	207-991-4321			Hampden, ME 04444	
3-7-26	Robert Hersey	207-991-9321			Hampden, ME 04444	Robert
3-7-26	Clayton Joyce	207-400-0455			Stonington ME 04681	
3/7/26	Donald C Muth	207-499-1250			Stonington ME 04681	
3/7/26	Michael Burt	207-430-9004	7 N Main St		Stonington, ME 04681	
3/7/26	Jared Bertrand	207 751 2320	40 Webber Avenue		Bath Me 04530	
3-7-26	Joseph Rackliff	207-299-7303	498 Oceanville Rd		Stonington me 04681	
3-7-26	Julie Rideout	207-232-5218	40 Webber Ave		Bath 04530	

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

- 16 Pam Prince 2075403368 Harpswell ME 
- 17 JESS DRISKO 207-290-5728 New Harbor ME 
- 18 Micah Philbrook 207-542-9317 Owl's Head 
- 19 James West 207-266-1600 Somerton ME 
- 20 Owen Fellows 207 790 4141 Dushing mg 
- 21 Gabriel Cooley 207975 0722 9379 
- 22 Alison Murphy 2073190593 
- 23 Sean Murphy 207-841-4037 
- 24 Makayla Robinson 2072702312 
- 25 Tyler Rice 207-812-8539 #8526 
- 26 AARON WILLIAMS 401-451-0194 
- 27 Jason Colby 207-266-5826 
- 28 Ron Trundy 207-632-5413 
- 29 Ryker Chase 207-812-5799 
- 30 Blaire Chase 207-812-8658 

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

32 3-7-26 Caydon Davis 207593-6722 Friendship, ME *Caydon Davis*

33 3-7-26 ROYCE FIELDS 367-5543 STONINGTON, MAINE

34 3/7/26 KEVIN O'LOUGHERTY 207-348-2293 1900 Astor Court Rd Little Deer Isle ME 09655 67151 Stonington Maine Kevin O'Lo

35 3/7/26 SW Gonska 2075042203 8 Cindys Pt Rd Haysville 04079 Cindys SW Gonska

36 3/7/26 Dave *Dave* Kelsey Sprague 682 Boothby Rd E. Georgetown 04556

37 3/7/26 *K Sprague* 207-274-0281 *K Sprague*

38 3/7/26 JEREMIAH MACDONALD 542-6342 NORTH HAVEN *John*
71 Iron Point Rd North Haven ME

39 3/7/26 Margaret MacDonald 910-554-2999 North Haven ME

40 3/7/26 Brandon Patterson 691-0303 Tenants Harbor

41 3/7/26 James Sturks 542-8253 Port Clyde

42 3/7/26 Ben Nunan 590-2488 K-Port

43 3/7/26 Lindsey Mann 251-0148 ~~1000~~ Kport

44 3/7/26 Anthony Mielcarz 003865 MA *Anthony Mielcarz*

45 3/7/26 Ken Melham 3865 MA *Ken Melham*

46 3/7/26 Zohar Tolt 10045 ME *Zohar Tolt*

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.


Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

32 Carl Jenkins 207-289-0236

33 Tyler Bemis 207-592-7960 Matinicus

34 David Ames 207-701-8873 Matinicus

35 John Borden 207-752-1649 RYE, NH

36 Timothy Barrett 781-254-7321 Green Harbor, Ma. 


37 Dan Rodgers 207-557-6249 Corea, ME

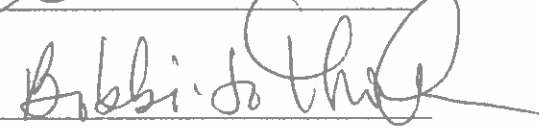
38 Taylor Rodgers 207-669-2045 Corea, ME

39 Michael Hunt 207-461-5955 Corea, ME

40 Rich Crowlev 207-479-2640 Corea, ME

41 Vicki Hall 207-460-2936 Uckstead

42 AMANDA TUPPER 207-266-9742 

43 Bobbi Jo Thornton 207-460-1068 55 Corn Dr, Sullivan 

44 Dan Miller 207-691-9305 TENANTS HARBOR

45 Bruce P. VAND 207-380-944 BRENE ✓

46 Aden Feltis 207 249 1234 DAMCRISODTY

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
48 3/6/26	John Olson Jr	207 691-8806	P.O. Box 26	70434	Dusky	<i>[Signature]</i>
49 3/6/26	Mark Jayle	207-479-9655	18 Ice House Rd		Stonington	<i>[Signature]</i>
50 3/6/26	Nick Martinez	207 751 9009	15 MAINE DR GRASS IS ME			<i>[Signature]</i>
51 3/6/26	WILLIAM CLEMENS	(207) 899-6470	137 SHOREHILLS HARPSWELL ME			William Clemens
52 3/6/26	Steve Bedrow	978 290 3362	002672	8 Alpaca Ct.	MASS.	Rockport
53 3/6/26	Eric Emmons	207-205-1242	90 Whitten Hill Rd		K-Port Turbot's Creek Rd.	
54 3/6/26	Chris Nanz	207-284-3034			Kennebunkport Me.	
55 3/6/26	Shannon Hillman	207-8414743			Orr's Isl. ME	
56 3/6/26	Beth Freitag	207-522-2038			Orr's Island	
57 3/6/26	Shannon Hillman	207- 449 4314			Orr's Island	
58 3/6/26	Paul Jones	207-336-8523			Lisbon Falls ME	
59 3/6/26	Mylissa Kapala	207-833-5900			Harpswell, ME	
60 3/6/06	Shelley Wigglesworth	207 251 5312			Kennebunk	<i>[Signature]</i>
3/6/06	Mike Perkins	207 450 1631			Kennebunk	
61 3/6/26	Will Renwick	207 812 6059			Gouldsboro	
62 3/6/26	Jordan Fatchel	502-681-3989			Sun's Island	<i>[Signature]</i>

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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

48 3/7/26 Gary Hatch Owls Head Me 

49 3/7/26 Sandy Moore Thomaston, ME 

50 3/7/26 Nathan Brown

51 3/7/26 Carter Moorman Thomaston Me

52 3/7/26 Mitchell Carney Thomaston, ME

53 3/7/26 Max Byers Portland ME

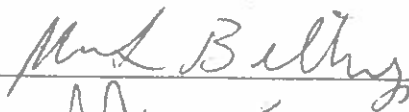
54 3/7/26 Jammyl Willey / St. George / T. Harbor, ME

55 3/7/26 Sam Hideau Portland Me

56 3/7/26 George Putnam Portland ME

57 3/7/2026 Olivia Larson Stonington, ME

58 3/7/2026 Natalie Larson Stonington, ME

59  Stonington Maine

60  Owls Head Me

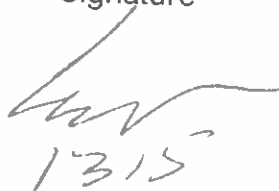
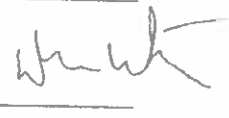
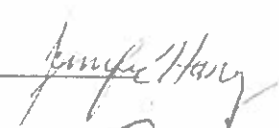




61 Josh Saxton Harswell ME

62 Pearl Hurdie Deer Isle Me

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Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
34	Marshall Walker	2076643996		8134	Marshall	Walker
35	David Jordan	2076503815		1607	Chebeague Isl	[Signature]
36	SEAN CLEMENS	2075222169		1519	HARPSWELL	[Signature]
37	Andrew Clemens	2077510199		17121	Harpwell	[Signature]
38	Jacob Clemens	207522-2876		1510	HARPSWELL	[Signature]
39	Tom Ridge	207-312-1889				
70	Nate Snow	207-669-5746		1689	Bass Harbor	[Signature]
71	Kenneth Ames	207 975-6504			HOPE, ME	[Signature]
72	Ben Rinius	207-975-6753		10670	Rockland Me	[Signature]
73	Tyler Bemis	207 594 7960		2199	Matinicus ME	[Signature]
74	Shannon Myrick-Green	207 691 9194		3028	Cushing Me	[Signature]
75						
76						
77						
78						

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Date Printed	Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
64	CORY ROBERTSON	479-6463	BLUE HILL			
65	Denise Westover	702-0305	Bricks			
66	Timothy Williams	781-858	8276			
67	Shannon Harvey		Waldoboro Me.			
68	Michael Olson		Waldoboro ME			
69	Benjamin Benjamin	Collings	Waldoboro ME			
70	Raige Davis		Waldoboro, ME			
71	Jennifer Harvey	207-837-1472	Waldoboro ME	04572		
72	Timothy LaRocelle	207-319-9890	Woolwich ME	04579		
73	Brianna Berry	207-500-9710	Nobleboro ME	04555		
74	Dillon Harvey	207-542-6108	Waldoboro ME	04572		
75	Rex Benner	(207) 592-2838	Friendship Me			
76	Erik Benner	207 592 6567	Friendship ME			
77	James Harvey	207 675 3270	Waldoboro, ME		04572	
78	Fan Smith	207 390 1973	Cushing ME		04547	

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

- | Date | Printed Name | Phone# | Address | Loc. Lic. # | Port | Signature |
|------|---------------------|--------------|---|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 80 | 3-7-20 Stuart Jones | 207-76-0034 | 19 Sylvan Rd Soperland ME | 5327 | Portland | |
| 81 | JAMES TITONE | 603 394 5794 | 2718 PORTSMOUTH AVE
SEABROOK, NH 03874 | | Seabrook | James Titone |
| 82 | Brian Carrara | 207-322-6132 | 275 moosehead trail
Waldo, ME 04861 | | Waldo, ME | |
| 83 | Donnis Rackliff | 207 691 9495 | Spruce Head Me. | | | |
| 84 | JO COBAT | 207 542 3413 | CUSHING, ME | | | |
| 85 | Audrey Anderson | 207-542-5234 | Spruce Head, ME | | | |
| 86 | Katie Crandall | 207 691 0046 | Spruce Head ME | | | Katie Crandall |
| 87 | EDWARDS SMITH | 617 257 0916 | MANCHESTER, MA. | | | |
| 88 | Hayden Jones | 207-935-6095 | Vinalhaven, ME 04863 | | | Hayden Jones |
| 89 | Mitchell Hopkins | 207-593-2123 | Vinalhaven, ME 04863 | | | |
| 90 | SHANE LEARY | 207 841 3466 | BALLET IS. ME. | | | |
| 91 | Elijah Binzan-Ames | 207-837-5304 | 75 Vinalhaven Rd | 3512 | Vinalhaven | |
| 92 | JASON HAMILTON | 207/318/2705 | VINALHAVEN | 04863 | | |
| 93 | Donald Ames | 207/863/2905 | V.H. | | | |
| 94 | Keon Ames | 207-838-2776 | Vinalhaven | 04863 | | |

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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

96 3/6/26 Jessica DeFrenn 207-610-9713 Swans Island J DeFrenn

97 3/6/26 Harlan Donovan 207-801-0393 Bass harbor Hankson

98 3/6/26 Philip Deane 207-812-6671 Bass Harbor ME

99 3/6/26 Arianna Gings - 207-551-3337 Bass Harbor ME

100 3/6/26 Carl Phillips 207-863-2247 Vinalhaven ME

101 3/6/26 Charlotte Martin 207-542-5181 Tenants Harbor ME

102 3/6/26 Nicholas Lunt 207-542-5954 Tenants Harbor, ME 6369 Mike Lunt

103 3/6/26 Zoe Benisek 925-322-3771 Chebeague Isl ME OAD17

104 3/6/26 Lydia Gray 207-318-7331 Chebeague Island ME

105 3/6/26 Landyn Bernd 207-790-1191 Cushing me 04563 ⁹¹²

106 3/6/26 Harrison McLe 207-790-0006 Cushing Me 04563

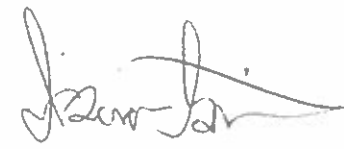
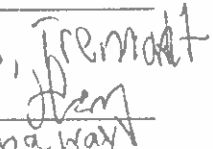

107 3/6/26 Leland Stackpole 207-740-160 Cushing me

108 3/6-26 Adrienne Hoaydon 207-542-8806

109 3/6/26 Russell Bray 207-345-6619


110


No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

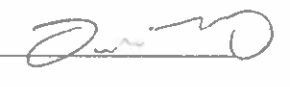
Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
96	ISAAC STINSON	207 461 9130	169 Min Turn RD Swans Island			
97	Henry Goodwin	207-669-2782	111 Kelleystown road, Tremont Bass Harbor			
98	NORMAN STINSON	207-460-3318	2 Mount Gilboa Way BASS HARBOR ME			
99	Brysen Gilchrest	207-542-4827			Friendship ME	
100	Molly Zee	207-706-6098			JONESPORT, ME	
101	ERIC KNIGHT	207-671-7964			Cape Elizabeth, ME	
102	Natasha Carson	207 615 7839			Portland, ME	
103	Soy Keirstead	207 209-7762			Portland, ME	
104	David Medeiros	774-563-9440			Phippsburg ME	
105	Richard Robinson	812 0603			Deer Isle	
106	Russell Costen Jr.	215-0312			So. China ME.	
107	Dianne Barto	248-7527			So. China ME.	
108	Sarah Barto	248-7527			So. China ME	
109	Matt Shepard				Deer Isle	
110	Wesley Chipman	598-6325			Milbridge	


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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature


112 Nick ~~B~~ 380-5295 8050 Boothbay ME 

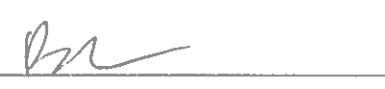
113 Alex Ramsay 939-3418 ^{196 Bayview} _{Street} Portland ME 

114 Owen Ramsay Owen Ramsay 2075044613 Portland 


115 ~~Waylon~~ ~~Chico~~ 207-263-7257 531 Wilcox Rd Eastport 

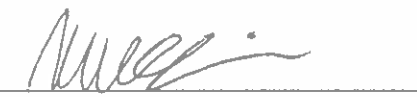
116 Mia Flores-Green 308-209-9040 

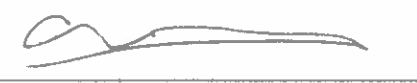
117 DAN CLOUGH 207-886-4382 

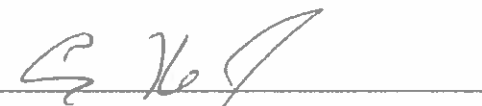
118 Ben Barnh 207-5426787 ^{Stoughton} _{ME} 


119 Rubi Gra 207-479-8882


120 Patrick Clough 207-415-7581 

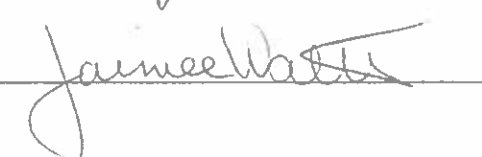
121 Myles Bierman 669-2364 

122 Curtis Gott 460-8818 

123 Eric Jones 266-0494 

124 ~~Tom~~ ~~Hinkley~~ 557-7800 

125 Kelly Hinkle 557-6688 

126 Jaimee Watts 838-7810 

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
112	Dawson Hunt	207-546-0598	Corea, ME			Dawson Hunt
113	Mike Cochran	207-542-9242	Port Clyde ME			Mike Cochran
114	Cassandra Clough	207-701-8847	Port Clyde, ME			CUS60
115	Travis Simmons		Port Clyde			
116	Ivan Simmons		Port Clyde			
117	Julie Eaton	207 573 8731	Deer Isle, ME			
118	Julie Eaton	207 573 8731	Deer Isle, ME			
119	Todd Simmons	207-592-3183	Port Clyde Me.			
120	Corban Trundy	207-479-5047	Deer Isle, ME			Corban Trundy
121	Rita Rubin		Trenton ME		Goose Cove	
122	Matias		BERNARD			
123	Chris Allen		Frenchboro			
124	Tracy Seymour	975-5177			Friendship	
125	Nolan Fields	390-1094			tenants harbor	
126	Nolan McEannan	207-701-8019			SDruce Head.	

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

128 3/6/26 Alex Militello 978-679-6227 Frank

129 3/6/26 Ahye Lamb 207 598 1535 Ahye

130 8/4/26 Tobias Lamb 207 271 1211 Tobias

131 3/6/26 Collyn Rwas 978 430 0940 Collyn

132 3/6/26 Jake Schrock 978-559-1729 Jake

133 3/6/26 Shane Normand 978-879-7553 Shane

134 3/6/26 MICHAEL DAWSON 207 380 4036 Michael

135 3/6/26 Anne Morong 207-837-7363 Anne Morong

136 3/6/26 John Jordan 207 690 2707 John

137 3/6/26 Aaron Belesca 207 756 2932 Aaron

138 3/6/26 Seth Ciomei 207-322-0498 Seth

139 3/6/26 Sarah Ciomei 207-323-6644 Sarah Ciomei

140 3/6/26 T-Fs King 207-844-4701 Tim Morong

141 3/6/26 Womajay 207-863-4905 Womajay

142

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
128	Erik R Waterman	ERIK R WATERMAN 36	483 SPRUCEMEAD ROAD SOUTHTHURGOOD			
129	Chris Teel	656	Gurnet Rd	Brunswick, ME	04011	
130	Kelle Teel	656	Gurnet Rd	Brunswick	ME 04011	
131	Jacob Johnson	513	River Rd	Tenants Harbor	ME 04860	
132	Julia Clough	P.O. Box 49		Tenants Harbor, ME	04860	
133	Travis Faulkner	113	Sunset	Stonington	04881	
134	Jeff Pierce	533	Gardiner	J.Pierce@Nxm.com		
135	DEVYN W. CAMPBELL	319	PENKON RIDGE RD SOUTHWAY, ME 04535		BOOTHBAY	
136	David Lewis		Butler Rd	Forouchboro	ME	
137	Jasa Chipman	207-461-7251		Millbridge	Me.	
138	Richard Lowell	785-4975		Hope	Me	
139	Zachary E Ladd	479-8825		Brooksville	ME	
140	Jeremy Young	975-2418		Rockland	me.	
141	Tom Canino	207-752-6775		York	ME	
142	Sean Carbon	207-975-1719		St. George		

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
144	Paul Cox				Eastport ME	
145	Mill [unclear]				Hampton NH	
146	[unclear]				BAR HARBOR ME	
147	Steve Young		951		Vinalhaven ME	
148	Courtland Tolman		72483		Vinalhaven ME	
149	Tara Watt		5725		Vinalhaven ME	
150	CHARLES-S-1842LIA=39 Gungew RD				HARPSWELL ME	
151	Tyler Hodgkins				HARPSWELL ME	
152	Willie Spear				Yarmouth Maine	
137	Shawn Baumgartner	207-751-2820			Bailey ISL ME	
153	Nick Brundin	207-668-8705			Campellis, Saco, ME	
154	Ellie Beard				Campellis, Saco ME	
155	Brantley Ciomei	207-979-0570			deer ISle	
156	Taylor Ciomei				Stonington ME	
157						

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Lob. Lic. #	Port	Signature
144	Lozan Leach	207-664-4057	171023			<i>Lozan Leach</i>
145	JEFF Eaton	598-0488	Deer Isle			<i>Jeff Eaton</i>
146	Karen Eaton	598-7571	Deer Isle			<i>Karen Eaton</i>
147	Bary Eaton	474-0438 Springer				<i>Bary Eaton</i>
148	Mike Mesler	863-4779	Wh.			<i>Mike Mesler</i>
149	Dylan Hunsinger	863-4167				<i>Dylan Hunsinger</i>
150	Sarah Lee	975-6545				<i>Sarah Lee</i>
151	James Lee	776-3200				<i>James Lee</i>
152	Nick Leeman	522-2491				<i>Nick Leeman</i>
137	Ethan Turner	479-0295				<i>Ethan Turner</i>
153	Calvin Klupp	838-0936				<i>Calvin Klupp</i>
154	Willie Merrill	949-270-2681				<i>Willie Merrill</i>
155	Ashley Waterman	207-975-1255			Sprucehead	<i>Ashley Waterman</i>
156	Owen Bartley	207-747-7712			Portland	<i>Owen Bartley</i>
157	Nathan Thibodeau	207-790-4756			Friendship	<i>Nathan Thibodeau</i>

No Ropeless: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date	Printed Name	Phone#	Address	Loc. Lic. #	Port	Signature
3/6/26	Clay Munsey	207-844-4886	HARPSWELL			<i>Clay Munsey</i>
	Clay Munsey	207 607 9319	HARPSWELL			
	David Orr	207-479-3665	Swans Island			
	Jada Cunningham	207-469-0242	Owl's Head			
	Bob Beata Dahl	222 Harvard	SWANS ISLAND ME			
	Molly Newell	207-837-7001	HARPSWELL			
	Ann Jamison	207 295 6029	HARPSWELL			
	Joshua Heaton	603 814 9703	Hampton N.H.			
	Robert Porter	978 406 5764	Gloucester MA			
	<i>Art</i>	207 812-2522	Harrington Me			
	Alex M Perrotte	385 389 5416	Harrington ME			
	Jeff Goo	252 457-7644	MARBLEHEAD, NC			
	Devin Pesce	207-577-4780	Cundy's Harbor			
	Jordan Brown	207-271-1946	^{Cutter}			
	Sonny Beal	207-499-5402	Beals			

NO ROPELESS: We the undersigned lobstermen are opposed to the advancement of ropeless on-demand gear based on the safety risks to captain and crew in the event of an entanglement in groundline.

Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

- 175 Carol Bray 207-348-6619 60 Center Dist — ~~Stamington~~ Deer Isle *Carol Bray*
- 176 Heather Oliver 207-735-6619 5 Wild Rose Ln 04614 Blue Hill *Heather Oliver*
- 177 Wayne Eyles 207-350-6082 So Bristol So Bristol 1 *Wayne Eyles*
- 178 Matt Dorner 603-573-0760 London NH *Matt Dorner*
- 179 Ronald S. Simmons 207-542-0736 39 Simmons Ln. Friendship *Ronald S. Simmons*
- 180 Ronald W. Simmons 207-542-2042 39 Simmons Ln Friendship *Ronald W. Simmons*
- 181 Ronald D Vars 12 Willard Ln Hampton NH *Ronald D Vars*
- 182 ~~Ca North~~ 33 Water St. ~~Wiscasset~~ *Ca North*
- 183 ~~Phillip Tolley~~ 21 Rand Ln 207-217-7532 Phillip Tolley
- 184 ~~Simon Tolley~~ 179 Birch Harbor RD 207 505 2686 Simon Tolley
- 185 Reagan Anderson 81 Prospect St. Seasideport *Reagan Anderson*
- 186 ~~Traws O'Leary~~ 207 548 6367 80 Prospect St Seasideport *Traws O'Leary*
- 187 ~~Walter O'Dowd~~ 81 Prospect St. Seasideport *Walter O'Dowd*
- Kyle Westhaver 350 8388 578 Rt 32 Round Pond 452 *Kyle Westhaver*
- John Westhaver 350 7888 578 Rt 32 Round Pond 70986 *John Westhaver*

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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

- 175 3/6 322-9680 Searsport 409 Rockport *[Signature]*
- 176 3/6 Shepard Walker 2076692688 Swan's 4373 Buntcoat *[Signature]*
- 177 3/6 Josh Lee 207-542-6999 Friendship 3730 Friendship *[Signature]*
- 178 3/6 Nick Mery 207-380-9205 Boothbay 4248 *[Signature]*
- 179 3/6 Jon Neman 207-590-7400 Kennebunkport 3892 *[Signature]*
- 180 3/6 Paul Malpue 2072639396 Trescott Twp *[Signature]*
- 181 3/6 Bill Olive 207-593-2601 So Thomas *[Signature]*
- 182 3/6 Colin Grierson 207 596 9380 So Thomaston *[Signature]*
- 183 Steve Hut 207 596 7007 Sprucehead
- 184 3/6 Dan Brooks 207-205-9695
- 185 3/6 Jeff Holden 207 232 6035 *[Signature]*
- 186 3/6 STEVE LEEMAN 207 522-2509 *[Signature]*
- 187 3/6 COOY FISH 207 691-4986 *[Signature]*
- 188 3/6 Jim Clemons 207 504-7896 *[Signature]*
- 189

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Date Printed Name Phone# Address Lob. Lic. # Port Signature

191 3/7/26 Peyton Simmons 207-542-2380 211015 Friendship Pt. Sim

192 3/7/26 Wayne Clemons 751-6229 5610 Harpswell Wayne Clemons

193 3-7-26 Jim Clemons 295-5235 11318 Harpswell, ME Taulh

194 03/07/26 Caitlin Trafton 207 951 4562 178 Atlantic Road Swan's Island 555-A Swan's Island Cert
Maine 04685

195 _____

196 _____

197 _____

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Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission

1050 N. Highland Street • Suite 200A-N • Arlington, VA 22201
703.842.0740 • 703.842.0741 (fax) • www.asmfc.org

MEMORANDUM

TO: American Lobster Management Board

FROM: American Lobster Technical Committee

DATE: April 20, 2026

SUBJECT: Modeling Impacts of Addendum XXVII Gauge and Vent Size Changes

At the October 2025 meeting of the ASMFC Lobster Board (Board), the Board tasked the Technical Committee (TC) with an analysis “to estimate the benefits to the GOM/GBK fishery that would have resulted from implementing the minimum gauge size increases under Addendum XXVII that were ultimately repealed.”

Specifically, Addendum XXVII triggered the following changes in management the year after a fishery-independent recruit abundance index declined below the identified threshold:

- Year 1: Increase minimum gauge size from 3 ¼” (82.55mm) to 3 5/16” (84.14mm) in LCMA 1
- Year 3: Increase minimum gauge size from 3 5/16” (84.14mm) to 3 ⅜” (85.73mm) in LCMA 1
- Year 4: Increase vent sizes in LCMA 1:
 - From 1-15/16” x 5-3/4” to 2” X 5 ¼” rectangular vents
 - 2 7/16” to 2 ⅝” circular vents
- Year 5: Decrease maximum gauge size from 6 ¾” to 6 ½” in LCMA 3 and Outer Cape Cod

Addendum XXVII was approved in May 2023 and in October 2023 the TC reported that the abundance index had dropped below the threshold in 2022, triggering the Addendum measures. Thus, if the resulting management measures had been followed as originally scheduled, Year 1 measures would have been implemented in 2024, Year 3 measures would have been implemented in 2026, etc. The Board subsequently delayed, then repealed the measures relating to gauge and vent size.

The American Lobster TC performed a modeling exercise to respond to the Board task. However, the TC determined that such an analysis would be more useful if it were to simulate the impacts of the above management actions as if they had been triggered in 2018 and implemented a few years prior, allowing the management actions to play out through a period of time when recruitment and fishing mortality estimates were reliably informed by estimates from the recent stock assessment. The analysis performed by the TC is described in the attached report.

Modeling the effect of Addendum XXVII proposed gauge and vent size regulations
American Lobster Technical Committee
May 2026

At the October 2025 meeting of the ASMFC Lobster Board (Board), the Board tasked the Technical Committee (TC) with an analysis “to estimate the benefits to the GOM/GBK fishery that would have resulted from implementing the minimum gauge size increases under Addendum XXVII that were ultimately repealed.” Specifically, Addendum XXVII triggered the following changes in management the year after a fishery-independent recruit abundance index declined below the identified threshold:

- Year 1: Increase minimum gauge size from 3 ¼” (82.55mm) to 3 5/16” (84.14mm) in LCMA1
- Year 3: Increase minimum gauge size from 3 5/16” (84.14mm) to 3 ¾” (85.73mm) in LCMA1
- Year 4: Increase vent sizes in LCMA1:
 - From 1-15/16” x 5-3/4” to 2” X 5 ¾” rectangular vents
 - 2 7/16” to 2 5/8” circular vents
- Year 5: Decrease maximum gauge size from 6 ¾” to 6 ½” in LCMA 3 and Outer Cape Cod

Addendum XXVII was approved by the Board at its May 2023 meeting. At the October 2023 Board meeting, the TC reported that the abundance index had dropped below the threshold in 2022, triggering the Addendum measures. Thus, if the resulting management measures had been followed as originally scheduled, Year 1 measures would have been implemented in 2024, Year 3 measures would have been implemented in 2026, etc.

A major challenge with simulating the management actions, as tasked, is that stock dynamics, driven by recruitment and fishing mortality, are uncertain in the terminal years of the assessment and are projected with significant uncertainty into the coming years. After discussion, the TC felt that this task could be better accomplished by simulating the impacts of the above management actions as if they had been implemented a few years prior, allowing the management actions to play out through a period of time when recruitment and fishing mortality estimates were reliably informed by estimates from the recent stock assessment. Model-estimated recruitments during this period are essentially set because impacts of regulation changes on spawning stock biomass (SSB) would not be realized in recruitment until lobsters produced by these spawners have reached 53 mm and recruited to the modeled size structure, approximately five or more years after hatching. This allows for a short-term estimate of regulation change impacts with higher certainty compared to estimates with recruitment projected from a terminal year.

General simulation methodology

We simulate the impacts of the above management measures as if the addendum had been approved earlier and measures triggered in 2018. As a result, the above measures are implemented in our simulation on the following schedule:

- Year 1 minimum gauge increase: 2019
- Year 3 minimum gauge increase: 2021

- Year 4 vent size increase: 2022
- Year 5 maximum gauge decrease: 2023

While the above gauge and vent changes are only applicable to a subset of the LMAs in the GOM/GBK stock, they can be generally applied to the simulated population because minimum legal size (MLS) and vent size would be increasing in the areas with the smallest MLS and the maximum legal size would be decreasing in the area with the highest maximum. Thus, selectivities in the simulation model can simply be truncated accordingly to produce an appropriate result. For example, changing selectivities on the small side in LMA 1 doesn't impact LMA 3 or OCC since those areas already can't land the impacted minimum size range. Similarly, coming down on the max for LMA 3 & OCC doesn't impact LMA 1 as LMA 1 already can't land lobsters in the impacted max size range. Additionally, LMA1 constitutes the vast majority of lobster landings, so treating the GOM/GBK model as a proxy for LMA1 is appropriate.

While the stock assessment model and past simulations have used 5mm size bins to model the lobster population, this is not ideal for examining changes to fishery selectivity at finer scales as it entails modifying the selectivities of portions of size bins. To better resolve the potential impacts of these management changes, we modified the simulation software and all inputs to use a 1mm (a little more than 1/32 inch) size bin resolution. The simulations were initiated with the estimated size structure from the assessment model at the beginning of Quarter 1 in 2018 to allow simulations between management scenarios (see below) to be similar in the first year and diverge thereafter. Where inputs were in 5 mm bins (population size structure, recruitment size composition), numbers at length were spread evenly across the 5mm bins and then smoothed with a moving average over five length bins. Where inputs represented size-specific qualities (maturity, weight-at-size, growth transition matrices, gear selectivity) the inputs were re-calculated at the finer 1mm resolution.

We ran simulations on two scenarios, one holding management measures constant ("Unchanged"), the second changing legal size and gear selectivity according to the schedule described above ("Gauge Change" or "Changed"), running both scenarios through 2030. For recruitment, we used the stock assessment recruitment estimates for 2018 - 2023 and produced 100 recruitment trajectories for 2024 - 2030 using a second-order state-space model similar to the "smoothed trend" method from the stock assessment projections. For fishing mortality over this time period, we used the stock assessment estimates for 2018 - 2024 and used the mean quarterly fishing mortality from the time series for 2025 - 2030. To examine the impacts of management actions on the distribution of catch across market categories, we used length-weight relationships to aggregate landings into the following market categories: Chicks (<1.25 lbs), Quarters (1.25 - 1.5lbs), Halves (1.5 - 1.75lbs), Selects (1.75 - 3lbs), and Jumbos (>=3 lbs).

We note that, because of the short term of the projection, we do not attempt to model the effects of any recruitment subsidy derived from increased spawning stock biomass at this time. However, if we assume that increases in spawning stock biomass resulted in some increase in recruitment and that lobsters in this region reached legal size in 8-10 years, then any resulting recruitment subsidy would theoretically start augmenting landings around 2027.

Note that the effects of management measures on Reference Abundance are not evident until the following year because Reference Abundance is calculated as all lobsters above a size threshold that were present at any time of the year. Thus, lobsters that will or will not be removed by the fishery over the course of the year are counted equally towards Reference Abundance for that year and the impacts of management measures are not evident until the following year. Similarly, management measures have only minor impacts on spawning stock biomass in the year of implementation due to the timing of the molt, the seasonality of the fishery and when spawning stock biomass is recorded. Changes in legal size, implemented at the beginning of the year, did not protect individuals in the second half of the previous year, when most landings occur. Thus, the effects on SSB are also not fully realized until the following year.

Simulation Results

The simulated increase in the minimum legal sizes in the first year (2019) and third year (2021) and change in the vent size in the fourth year (2022) protects a portion of the incoming recruitment year from fishing. As a result, the catch is reduced because the catch composition loses the smallest, previously legal-sized lobsters (Figures 1 and 2, Table 1). Relative to the unchanged scenario, the projected number of lobsters landed under the gauge change management scenario decreased by 9.4%, 11.6% and 9.2% in the years where the two gauge sizes and the vent size changed, respectively, before stabilizing at catch numbers about 4% below the unchanged scenario. By weight, landings initially decrease by 6.6% with the first gauge change, stabilize in the second year, then decline by 5.1% with the second gauge change and 0.8% with the increased vent size before stabilizing about 6% higher than the unchanged scenario in the following years. Thus, once the management measures have been implemented, the simulation stabilized in a state where ~4% fewer total lobsters are captured by the fishery due to delayed capture and natural mortality, but landings were ~6% higher in weight due to landing lobsters at a larger size.

This shift in size compositions affects the distribution of landings across market categories (Figure 3, Table 2). The proportion of landings composed of “Chicks” (<1 ¼ lbs) declines from about half of the landings in the Unchanged scenario to about a third in the gauge change scenario after management actions take effect. As a result, “Quarters” (1 ¼ - 1 ½ lbs) increase from 27% to 35% of the catch, “Halves” (1 ½ - 1 ¾) increase from 11% to 16% and “Selects” (1 ¾ - 3 lbs) increase a few percent with Jumbos remaining largely unchanged. Thus, the primary shift in landings market compositions is the replacement of many Chicks by Quarters and Halves.

The protection of smaller individuals through the increased gauge and vent size regulations results in an increase in reference abundance and spawning stock biomass. Reference abundance saw increases primarily in individuals between minimum legal size and ~90mm CL with an increasing number of individuals reaching 100mm+ (Figure 4), resulting in a total increase of almost 16% (Table 3). Spawning stock biomass exhibits a greater increase due to allowing more females to reach maturity and gain longer-term protection from egg-bearing and v-notching. Increased spawning stock biomass is evident across a wide size range from minimum legal size through 120mm CL (Figure 5), stabilizing near a 46% increase (Table 4).

Due to the protection of sublegal lobsters and conservation measures protecting mature females, the management scenario we simulated results in decreasing exploitation, calculated as the proportion of the reference abundance removed annually by the fishery (landings/reference abundance). In the Unchanged scenario, exploitation generally remains between 47% and 50% (Figure 6). In contrast, the gauge change scenario sees an immediate drop in exploitation in the first year of new regulations and continues to decline as management measures are added, stabilizing around 40%, resulting in a relative decrease in exploitation of around 18% between scenarios (Table 5). Thus, these results suggest that the decreased exploitation would likely have put stock status below the current overfishing threshold.

Of the methodology changes listed above, changing the vent selectivity and down-scaling to 1mm increments involved recalculating the gear selectivity and the TC determined that sex-specific gear selectivities were best supported by empirical data. The TC was curious if the simulation results were sensitive to this change in gear selectivity model and conducted a sensitivity analysis using the original 5mm increment gear selectivity model. The analysis indicates that the final outcomes are robust to this change in gear selectivity models but that the changes in selectivity models affected the timing of impacts to simulated populations. See Appendix 2 for details from this sensitivity analysis.

Comparison to past analysis

Simulations were conducted by the TC and provided to the Board ahead of its Fall 2021 meeting. Thus, it is useful to compare the results from the current analysis to the earlier analysis. The previous analysis differed in a number of ways, including running at the 5mm resolution and using different growth models, maturity schedules, conservation selectivities (protection due to egg-bearing and v-notching), and assumed gear selectivities. The previous analysis also did not include modeling the change in vent sizes and treated the minimum legal size as an increase from 83mm to 86mm, where this analysis uses a more precise 82.55mm and 85.73 to capture the full breadth of change. The comparison of analysis results is provided in Table 6. In all cases, the directionality of change is consistent across all metrics, but the magnitude of estimated change in individual metrics is slightly higher in the current analysis.

Additional analyses were completed by ME DMR in 2022 using Maine's commercial sea sampling length frequency data from 2016-2021 to estimate the first year impact, if implemented January 1st. That analysis estimated the pounds per trip difference with a gauge change from the current 83mm to 84mm, i.e. the lobsters that would have been newly unharvestable. The length weight relationship from the assessment was used to convert the individual lobsters into a total weight. The estimated decline in catch was calculated for each quarter and Maine management zone. Results indicate that the impact was variable by quarter and zone with total impacts ranging from 7.4 - 8.9% decline in catch weight in year 1 of the change (Figure 7). This estimate is marginally higher than the simulation model estimate of 6.6%. Note that the simulation model evaluates a slightly larger functional increase in minimum legal size (1.58mm vs 1mm).

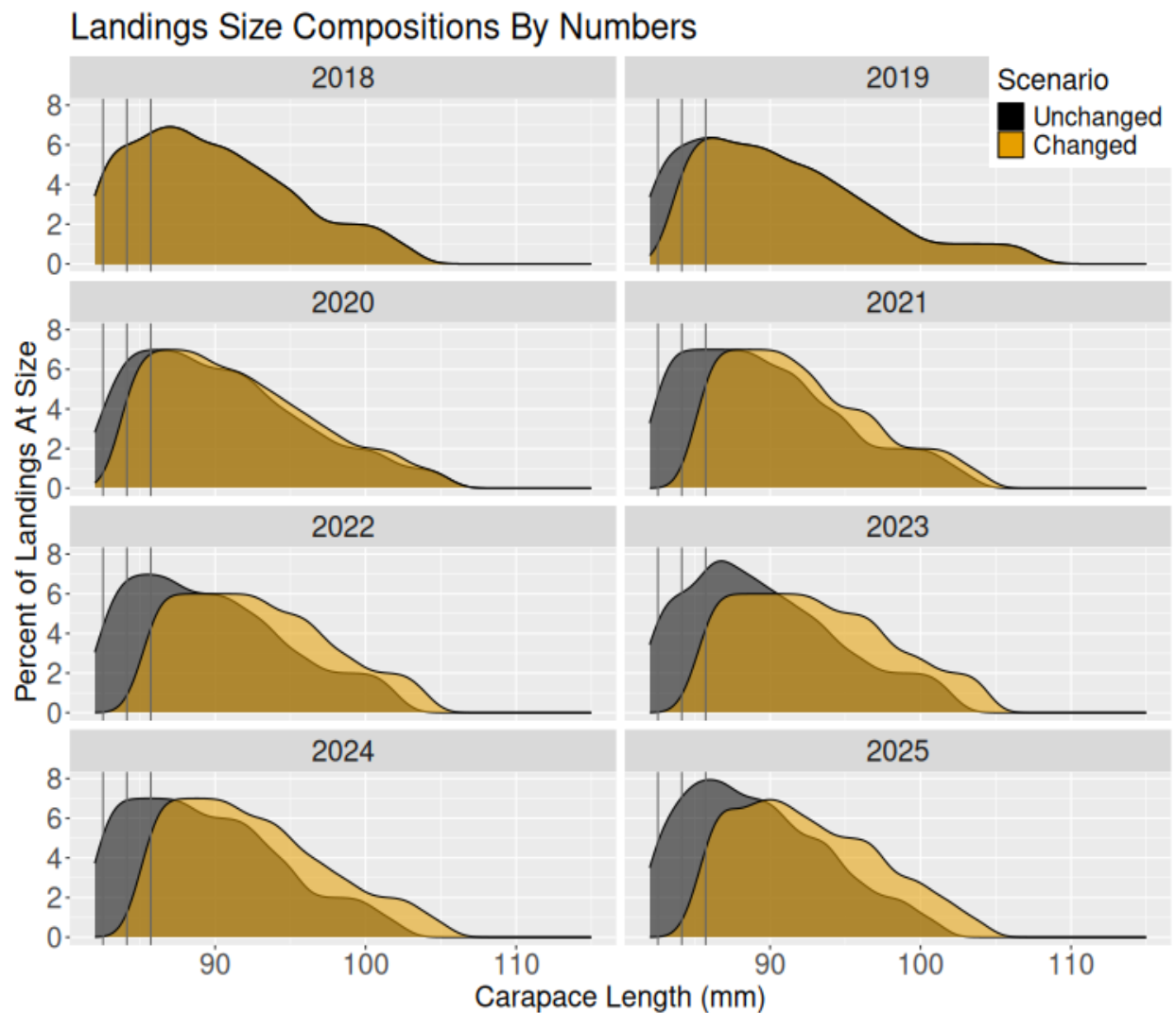


Figure 1. Simulated catch composition (percent of landings at a given size) for lobsters landed between 2019 and 2025 with and without the management actions. Vertical lines correspond to different minimum legal sizes of $3 \frac{1}{4}$ ", $3 \frac{5}{16}$ ", and $3 \frac{3}{8}$ ". The size composition of the two scenarios diverges over the years with fewer smaller and more larger lobsters being landed and the total number of lobsters landed declining in the gauge change scenario with the increased gauge size and vent size.

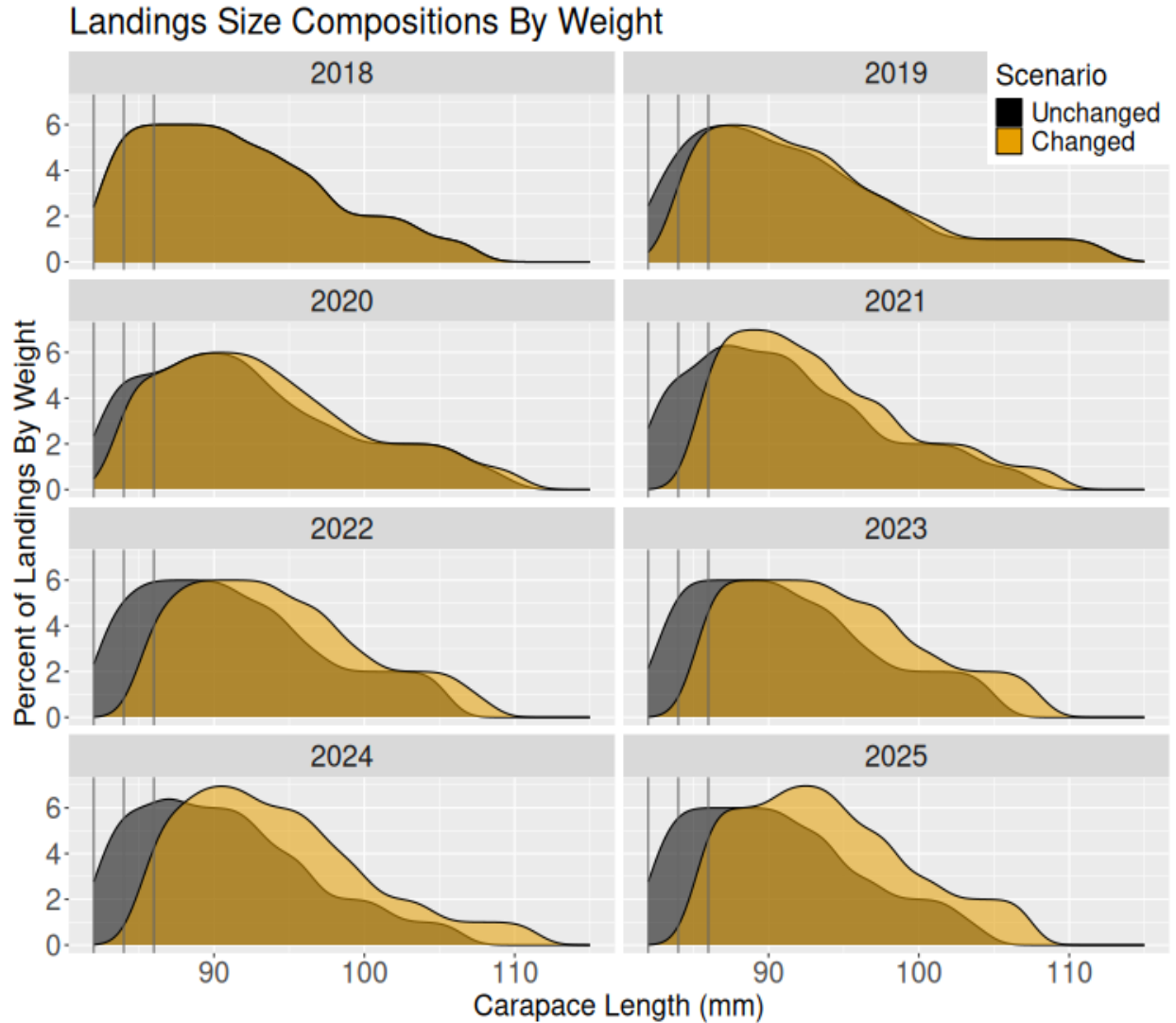


Figure 2. Simulated relative weight distribution of landed lobsters landed between 2019 and 2025 with and without management actions. The size composition of the two scenarios diverge over the years with fewer smaller and more larger lobsters being landed and the total weight of lobsters landed increasing in the gauge change scenario with the increased gauge size and vent size.

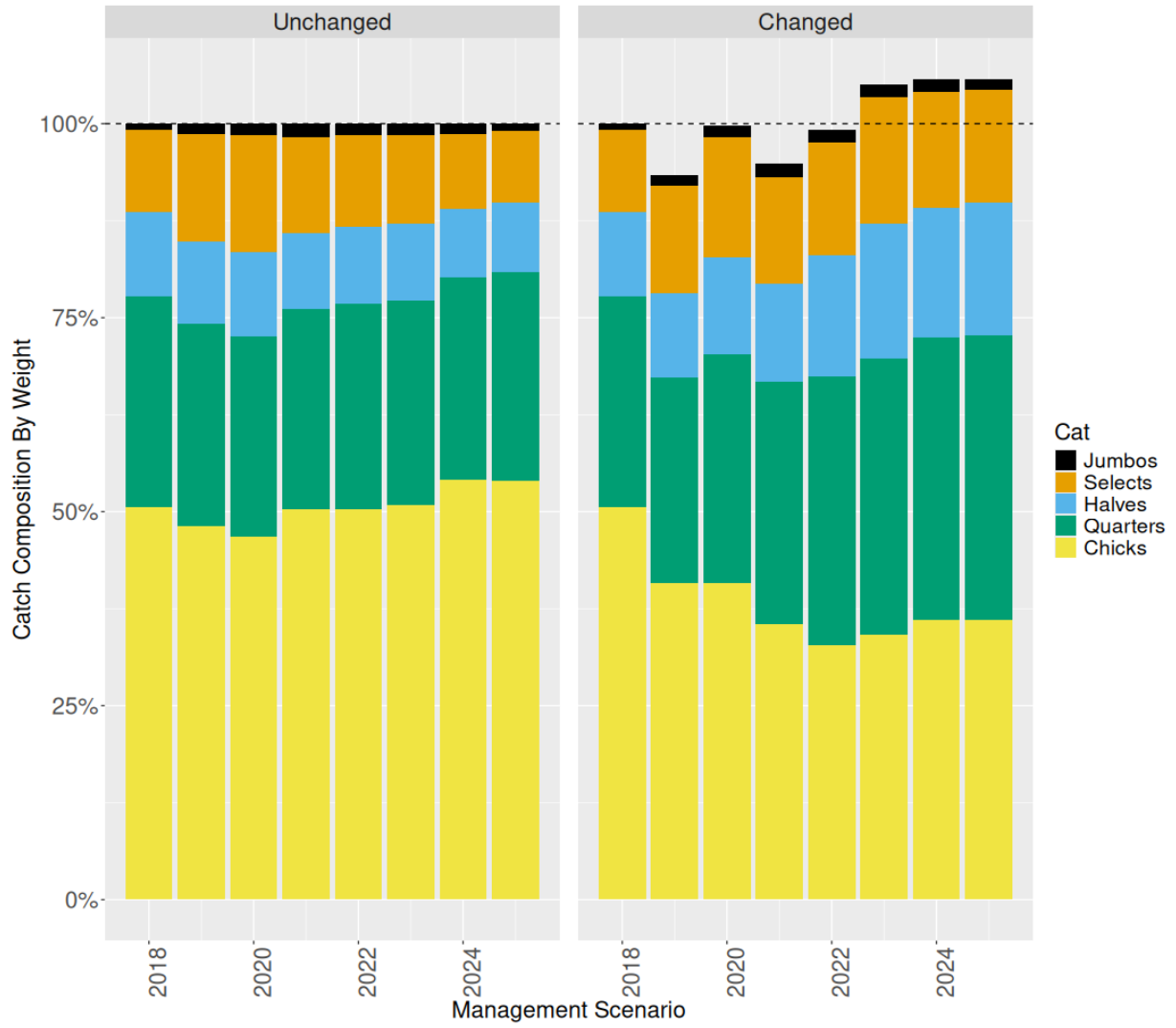


Figure 3. Changes in catch market category by management scenario. Total weight for the gauge change scenario is relative to the total weight of the Unchanged scenario.

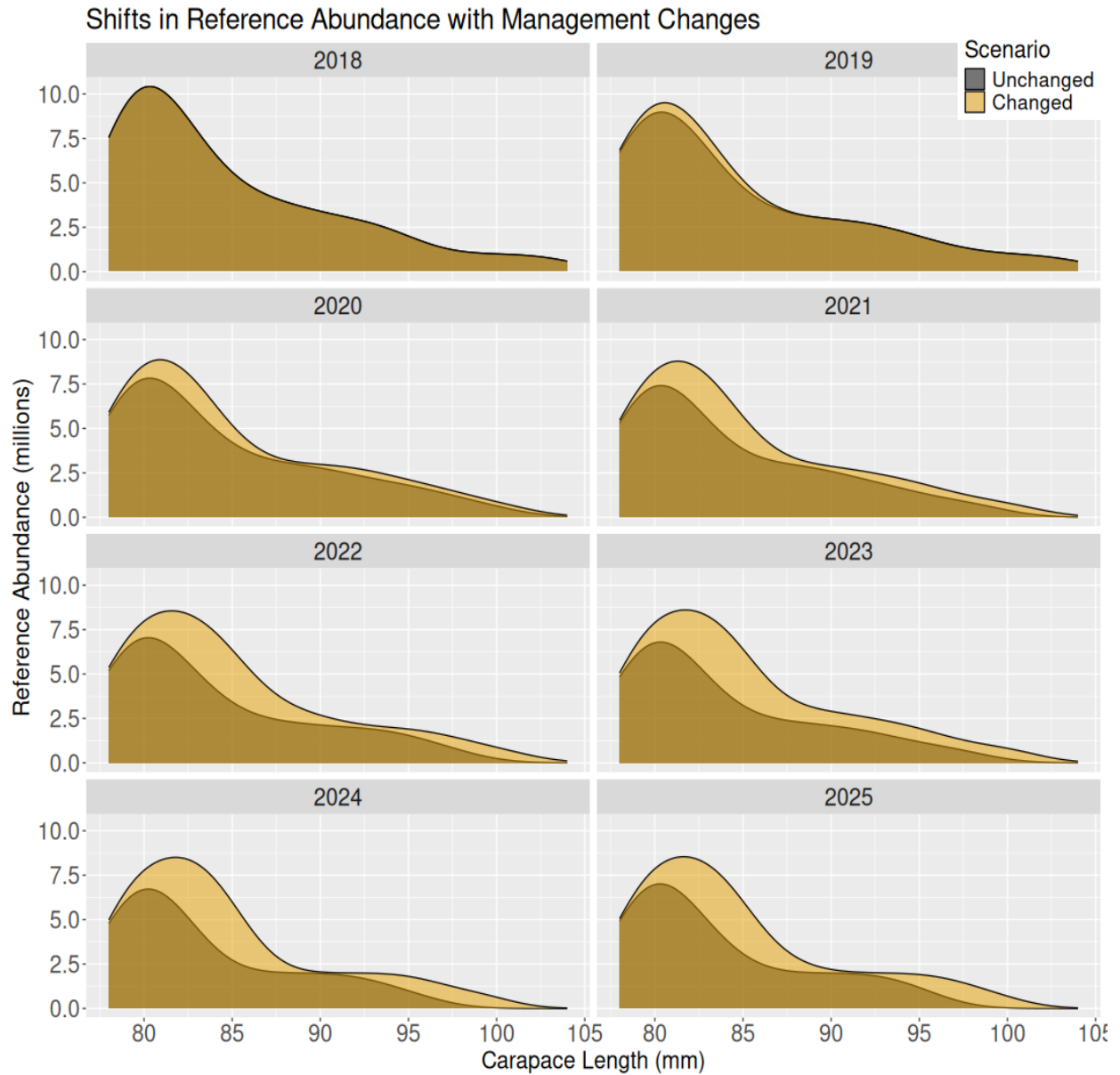


Figure 4. Yearly relative size composition for the Reference Abundance population (78mm+ CL). Area occupied in the gauge change scenario (gold) is in addition to the area occupied by the Unchanged scenario.

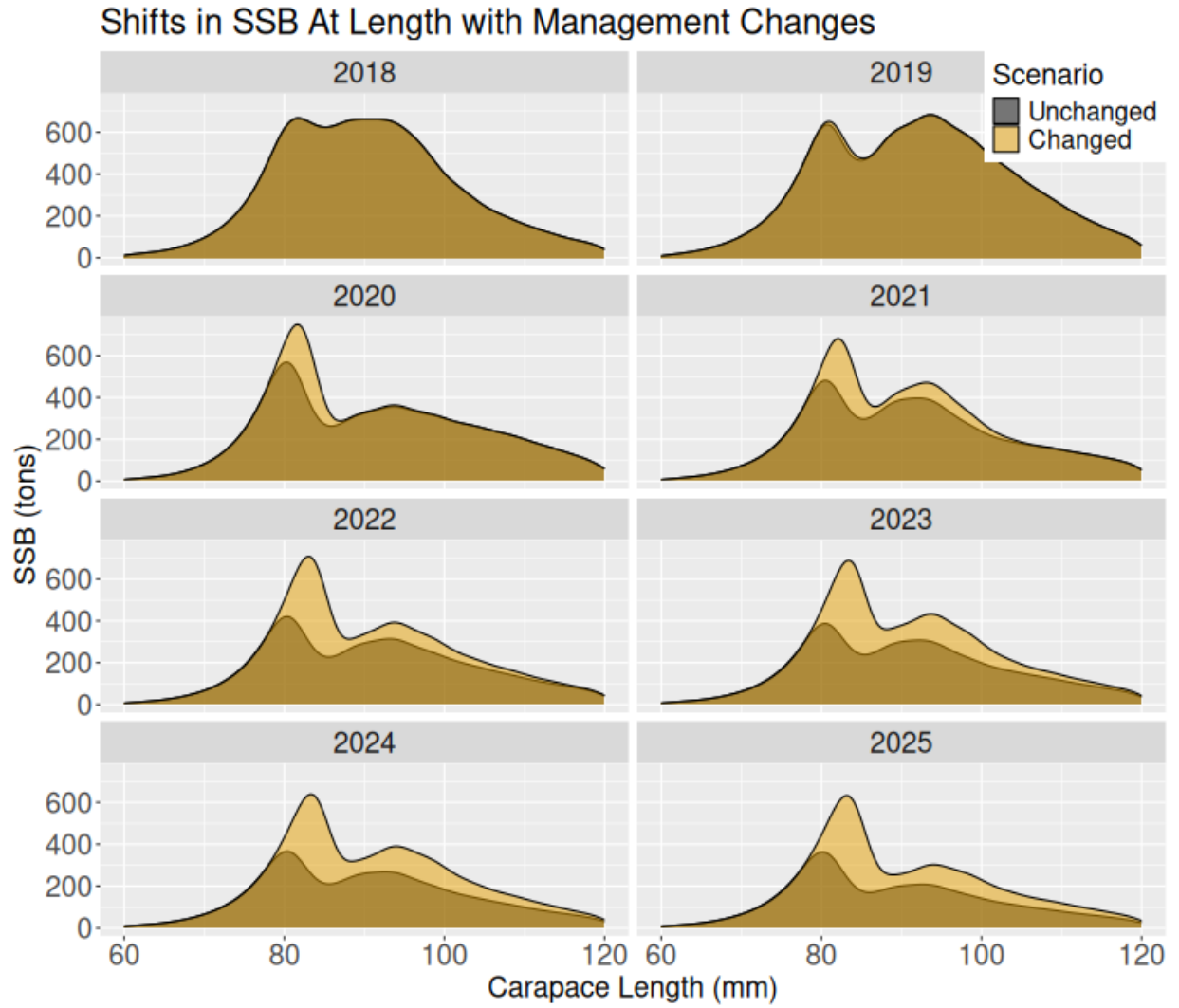


Figure 5. Yearly relative weight composition of Spawning Stock Biomass. Area occupied in the gauge change scenario (black) is in addition to the area occupied by the Unchanged scenario.

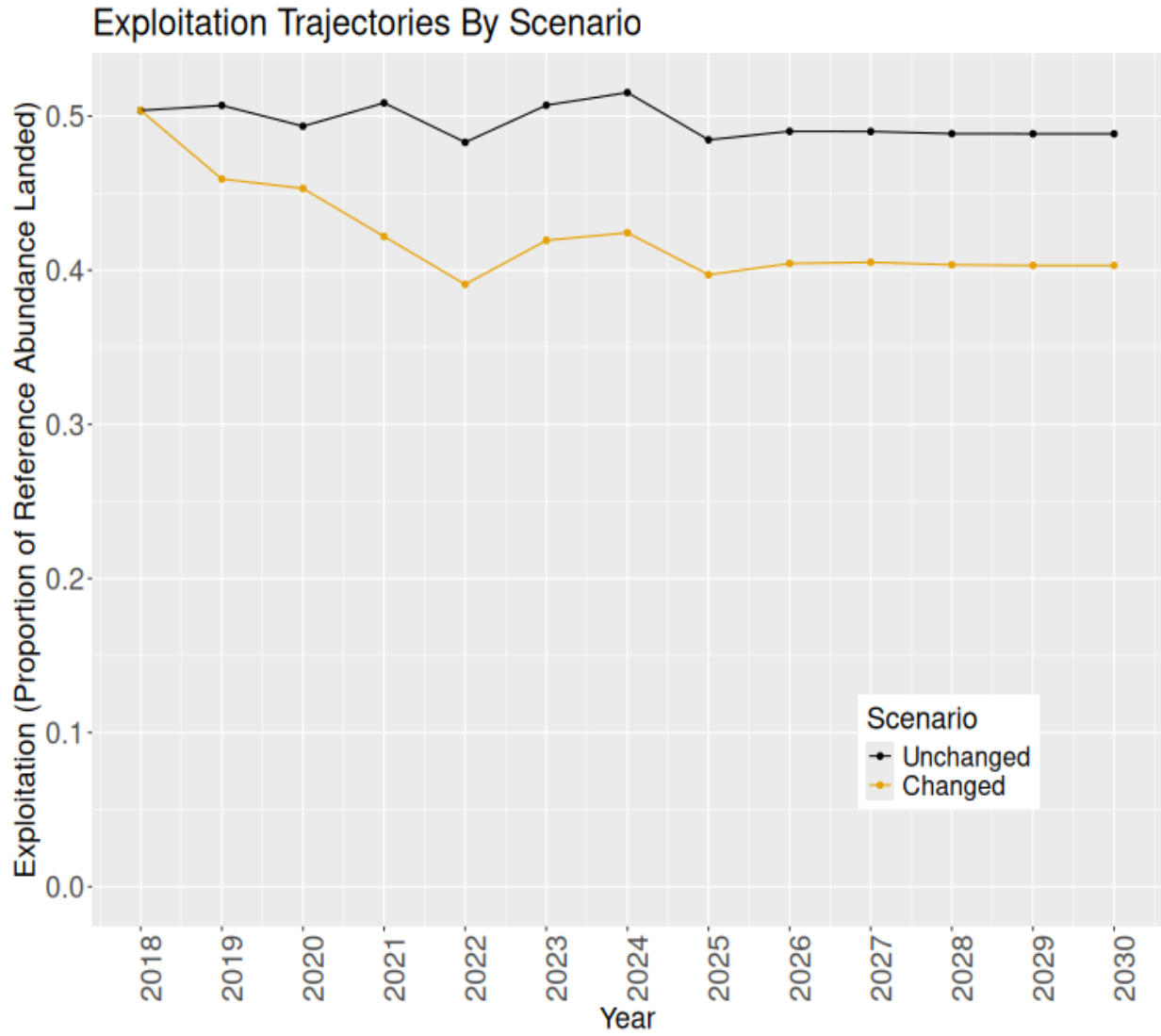
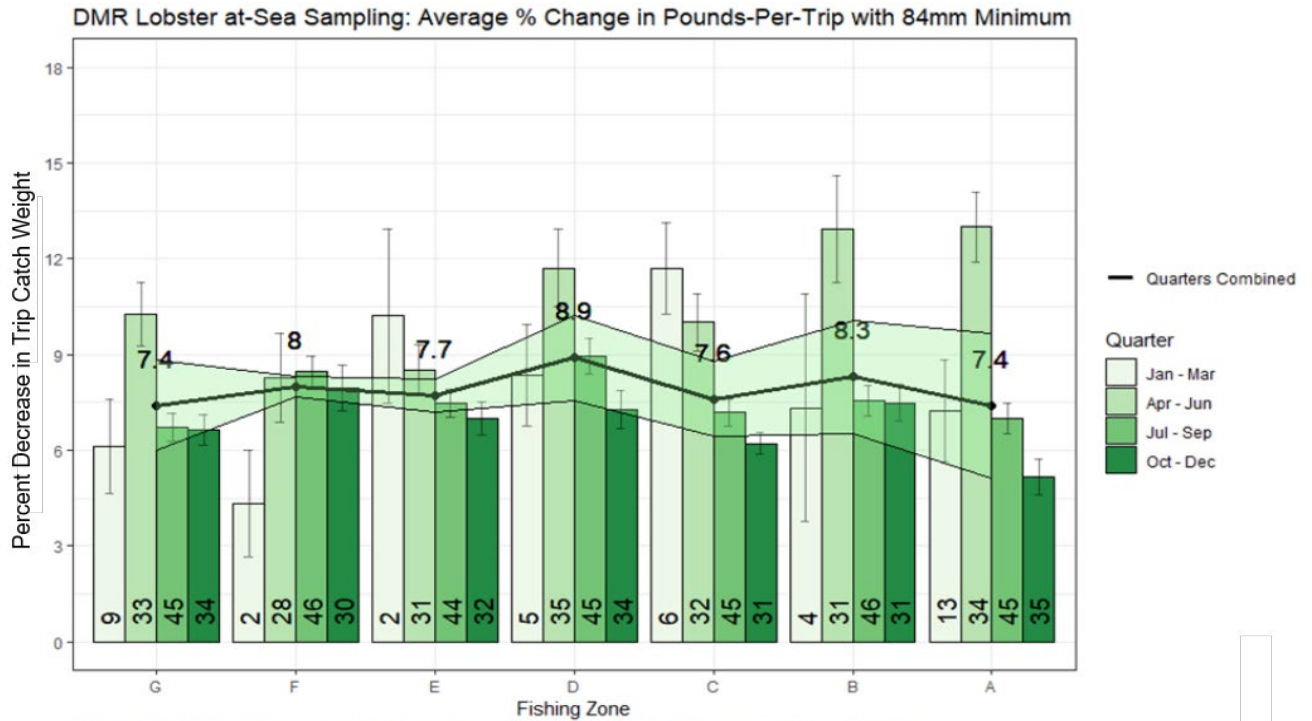


Figure 6. Exploitation trajectories by scenario.



Data was combined from years 2016-2021, with 2020 excluded due to inconsistent sampling effort in response to COVID-19. Estimated change in catch was calculated for quarter and zone across all years using at-sea sampling trip data. The number of completed at-sea sampling trips is displayed at the bottom of each bar. Each bar was assigned relative weight based on number of commercial trips during the respective time period, and used to estimate the overall change per zone across quarters and years (horizontal black bar, with number above in bold). The thin black vertical bars represent standard error at the quarter and zone level. Thin horizontal black bars represent the standard deviation of the total estimated value per zone.

Figure 7. 2022 Maine DMR estimate of first-year decline in landings per trip from an increase in minimum legal size from 83 to 84mm, based on Lobster Sea Sampling length frequencies and estimated by quarter and zone.

Table 1. Relative changes in landed catch numbers and weight across the simulation. Negative values indicate declines while positive values indicate increases relative to the Unchanged scenario. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge.

Year	Difference_in_Number	Difference_in_Weight
2018	0.0%	0.0%
2019	-9.4%	-6.6%
2020	-3.4%	-0.2%
2021	-11.6%	-5.1%
2022	-9.2%	-0.8%
2023	-4.7%	5.1%
2024	-4.7%	5.7%
2025	-4.8%	5.7%
2026	-4.2%	6.4%
2027	-3.9%	6.7%
2028	-4.1%	6.5%
2029	-4.3%	6.3%
2030	-4.3%	6.3%

Table 2. Changes in the market category composition of landed lobsters. Composition for the Unchanged scenario should be stable but drift some due to the non-equilibrium stock dynamics in the population model. Compositions for the gauge change scenario are primarily driven by simulated management actions. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge.

Market Categories	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Unchanged								
Chicks	51%	48%	47%	50%	50%	51%	54%	54%
Quarters	27%	26%	26%	26%	27%	26%	26%	27%
Halves	11%	11%	11%	10%	10%	10%	9%	9%
Selects	11%	14%	15%	12%	12%	11%	10%	9%
Jumbos	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%
Changed								
Chicks	51%	44%	41%	37%	33%	32%	34%	34%
Quarters	27%	28%	30%	33%	35%	34%	34%	35%
Halves	11%	12%	13%	13%	16%	17%	16%	16%
Selects	11%	15%	16%	14%	15%	15%	14%	14%
Jumbos	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%

Table 3. Change in Reference Abundance (78mm+ CL), relative to the Unchanged scenario. Relative difference in abundance stabilizes soon after management actions stabilize. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge.

Year	Change_in_RefN
2018	0.0%
2019	0.0%
2020	5.2%
2021	6.5%
2022	12.3%
2023	15.3%
2024	15.7%
2025	16.2%
2026	16.1%
2027	16.2%
2028	16.1%
2029	15.9%
2030	15.9%

Table 4. Change in Spawning Stock Biomass, relative to the Unchanged scenario. Relative difference in SSB stabilizes soon after management actions stabilize. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge.

Year	Change_in_SSB
2018	0.0%
2019	0.5%
2020	8.7%
2021	15.6%
2022	27.7%
2023	37.2%
2024	42.3%
2025	47.3%
2026	47.0%
2027	46.5%
2028	46.2%
2029	45.9%
2030	45.8%

Table 5. Decrease in Exploitation for the gauge change scenario relative to the Unchanged scenario. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge.

Year	Decrease_in_Exploitation
2018	0.0%
2019	-9.4%
2020	-8.2%
2021	-17.0%
2022	-19.1%
2023	-17.3%
2024	-17.7%
2025	-18.1%
2026	-17.5%
2027	-17.3%
2028	-17.4%
2029	-17.5%
2030	-17.5%

Table 6. Summary comparison between past analysis (2021) and the current analysis (2026) by metric.

Metric	2021	2026
Landings_Number	-3.6%	-4.3%
Landings_Weight	5.0%	6.3%
Spawning_Biomass	38.0%	46.0%
Exploitation	-14.4%	-17.5%

Appendix 1: Detailed Methodology and Documentation

We include additional details on some portions of this analysis both for better documentation and easier future reproducibility.

Core script for this analysis is in the R file `scriptGOM_GaugeChangeProjection_3.R` housed at the NEFSC at `~/LobsterGroup/Management/GOM_PostAssessment2025/GaugeChangeProjection`. It draws from multiple accessory scripts including:

`/LobsterGroup/ProjectR/scripts/ProjectR_functions-5_BS.R` - functions for formatting inputs and recasting outputs.

`/LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/UMM_TMB_Dev/funProjectionFunctions.R` - functions for performing the state space recruitment projections.

`/LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/UMM_TMB_Dev/fun_UMM_TMB.R` - contains the core population simulation function used in the 2025 assessment and useful accessories.

Some parameter structures for the simulation and selectivities are drawn from `/LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/2025/GOM_Modeling/GOM_r194/ModelRuns/GOM_r194_InitLC_ADo utput.Rdata`

Default legal, gear, and conservation selectivities are drawn from `/LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/2025/GOM_Modeling/GOM_r194/Parsed_Real2_r194.Rdata`. Conservation selectivities for the simulation are taken from the 2018 empirically-derived selectivity and assumed constant in the projection years.

The updated gear selectivities are drawn from: `/LobsterGroup/TC Business/VentSelectivity/script DMF_VentSelectivity.R` and stored in `Rectangular_Vent_Selectivities_260105.Rdata`. The model for these gear selectivities were largely developed in 2021 for past TC analysis and take the form of:

```
glm(Retention~CL*Sex+VentSize, family=binomial())
```

This is a logistic regression where retention rates are modeled as an interaction between Carapace Length and Sex with VentSize (vent height) as a continuous variable and data are constrained to Rectangular vents. This produces sex-specific retention curves that can be predicted for different vent heights including heights not originally tested in the study that supplied this data, which was critical for the current analysis. The CL * Sex interaction is highly significant, indicating that lobster carapaces are sexually dimorphic at the size where these vents become selective, with females being retained at a higher rate (Figure A1.1).

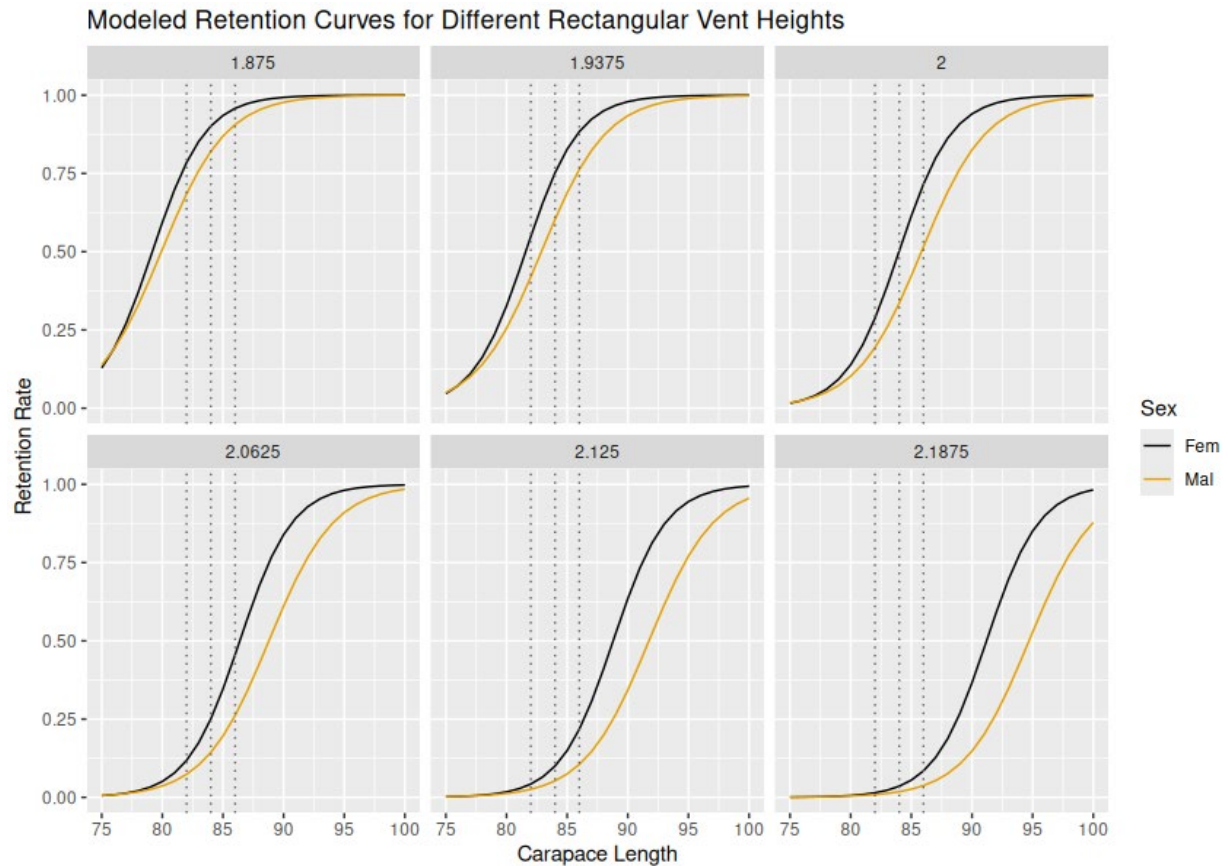


Figure A1.1 Model-based, sex-specific gear retention curves. The modeled curves for 1.9375" (1 15/16") and 2" were used for the Unchanged and Changed scenarios, respectively. Vertical reference lines are at 82, 84, and 86mm to understand how gear selectivity interacts with gauge sizes.

The output from the 2025 stock assessment, including initial length comps, recruitment and fishing mortality estimates are drawn from
 /LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/2025/GOM_Modeling/GOM_r200/OutputDataBase.csv

Updated maturity ogives were calculated in /LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/Maturity/script MaturityFromOgivePars.R, using the GOM parameters calculated for the 2025 assessment, section 2.7.1.

Length-weight relationships at 1mm resolution are also calculated in this script and saved in
 /LobsterGroup/StockAssessment/Maturity/Lobster_LengthWeightRelationship.Rdata

Growth transition matrices at 1mm resolution were calculated in
 /LobsterGroup/Management/GOM_PostAssessment2025/GaugeChangeProjection/script BuildGTM_GomGbk_mm.R using the same molt probabilities and molt increments used in the basecase 2025 GOM stock assessment.

The entire simulation exercise is captured in an Rdata archive:

img.GOM_GaugeChangeProjections.Rdata

And core model inputs and outputs are captured in:

StockProjection_GOM_GaugeChange_MM.Rdata

A copy of the core script and output files are stored in the ASFMC File Share at:

American Lobster / TC Reports / Addendum XXVII Reassessment /

Appendix 2: Sensitivity Test On Gear Selectivity.

Among the changes in methodology adopted to update this analysis from past TC analysis or stock assessment projections, the TC was particularly concerned about the updated modeled gear selectivity and how this might affect the simulations. The associated concerns included:

- Using a gear selectivity other than the standard that has been used in past stock assessments.
- Estimating a sex-specific gear selectivity, which had not been previously employed.
- Using an empirical dataset with different vent sizes to estimate the selectivity for a vent size that was not part of the study (see Appendix 1. Detailed Methodology).

The resulting updated gear selectivities had notably different profiles, particularly for females (Figure A1.1, Figure A2.1) and there was concern that the outcome of the analysis could be sensitive to this change.

To address this, we conducted a sensitivity run where the previously-used gear selectivity was simply spread evenly across the 5mm bin for the unchanged scenario and the ascending limb of the profile was shifted 4mm to the right in 2022 to simulate the change in vent size, based on L50's estimated in the gear selectivity models (See Appendix 1. Detailed Methodology). The simulations were then re-run without changing other configurations for comparison to the above ("Core") analysis.

Differences between the Core and Sensitivity simulations were evident but minimal across all performance metrics. This was true both for years before and after the simulated vent size change in 2022, owing to replacing both the unchanged and gauge change gear selectivities. Examining the terminal year of the simulation across model runs (2030):

- Number of lobsters landed declined 5.6% in the Sensitivity run (Table A2.1), compared to 4.3% in the Core run (Table 1).
- Weight of landings increased 8.1% in the Sensitivity run (Table A2.1), compared to 6.3% in the Core run (Table 1).
- Catch composition in the unchanged scenario in 2025 was 50%, 29%, 10%, 9% and 1% for Chicks, Quarters, Halves, Selects and Jumbos, respectively, for the Selectivity run, compared to 54%, 27%, 9%, 9%, and 1% for the Core run (Tables A2.2, Table 2).
- Catch composition in the gauge change scenario in 2025 was 24%, 37%, 21%, 17% and 1% for Chicks, Quarters, Halves, Selects and Jumbos, respectively, for the Selectivity run, compared to 34%, 35%, 16%, 14%, and 1% for the Core run (Tables A2.2, Table 2).
- Reference Abundance increased 20.2% in the Sensitivity run (Table A2.3), compared to 15.9% in the Core run (Table 3).
- Spawning Stock Biomass increased 67.3% in the Sensitivity run (Table A2.4), compared to 45.8% in the Core run (Table 4).
- Exploitation decreased by a relative magnitude of 21.5% in the Sensitivity run (Table A2.5), compared to 17.5% in the Core run (Table 5).

Similar to the comparison to past results, the most evident difference between the Sensitivity and Core is in the increase in Spawning Stock Biomass. In this case, the results of the sensitivity run are very

similar to the Core run in the years up to the vent size change but diverged after that. Thus, we conclude that the shift in the selectivity for the Sensitivity run was more significant, relative to the proximity of the size of maturity, than the Core run, creating the greater effect. Otherwise, the selection of different gear selectivities doesn't appear to have consequential impacts on the outcomes of the simulations.

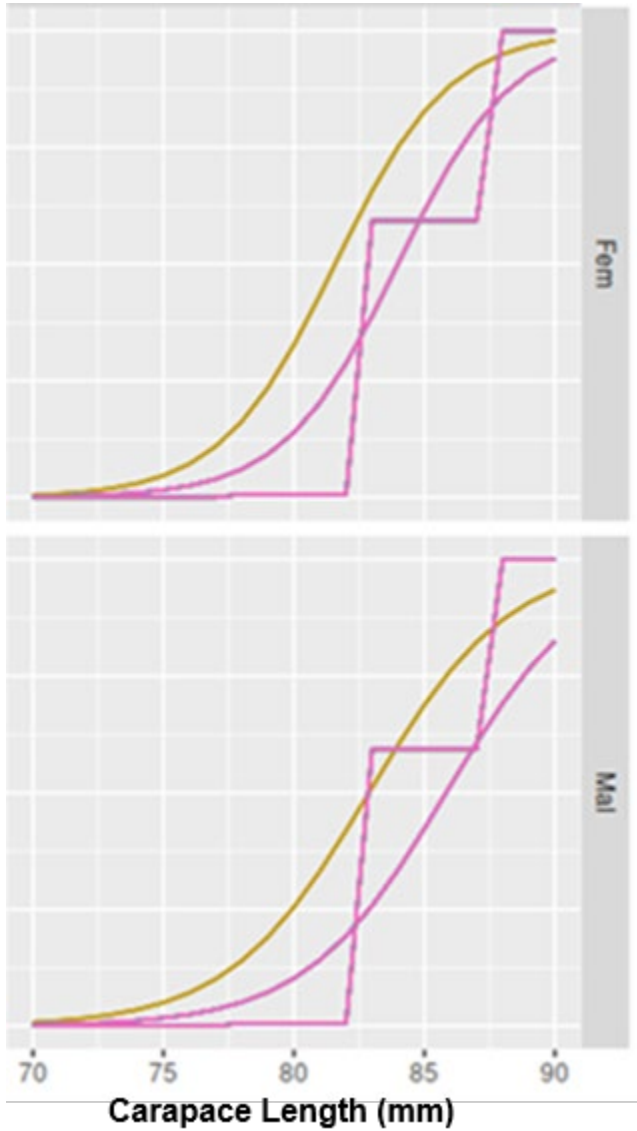


Figure A2.1. Comparison of gear selectivities across simulation runs. The “stair step” selectivity is the original 5mm resolution gear selectivity used in the stock assessment and past simulations. The two continuous profiles are the newly estimated, sex-specific gear selectivities for rectangular vents with heights of 1-15/16” (left) and 2” (right).

Table A2.1. Sensitivity results for relative changes in landed catch numbers and weight across the simulation. Negative values indicate declines while positive values indicate increases relative to the unchanged scenario. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, Yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge. Compare to Table 1.

Year	Difference_in_Number	Difference_in_Weight
2018	0.0%	0.0%
2019	-6.5%	-4.5%
2020	-2.3%	-0.0%
2021	-10.5%	-5.3%
2022	-19.3%	-10.5%
2023	-8.7%	2.7%
2024	-6.7%	6.3%
2025	-6.6%	6.8%
2026	-5.6%	7.9%
2027	-5.1%	8.5%
2028	-5.4%	8.4%
2029	-5.6%	8.1%
2030	-5.6%	8.1%

Table A2.2. Sensitivity results for changes in the market category composition of landed lobsters. Composition for the unchanged scenario should be stable but drift some due to the non-equilibrium stock dynamics in the population model. Composition for the gauge change scenario are primarily driven by simulated management actions. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, Yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge. Compare to Table 2.

Market Categories	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Unchanged								
Chicks	48%	45%	44%	47%	47%	47%	50%	50%
Quarters	29%	28%	28%	28%	29%	29%	29%	29%
Halves	12%	12%	12%	11%	11%	11%	10%	10%
Selects	11%	14%	15%	12%	12%	11%	9%	9%
Jumbos	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Updated								
Chicks	48%	42%	39%	36%	25%	24%	24%	24%
Quarters	29%	30%	31%	34%	39%	37%	37%	37%
Halves	12%	12%	13%	14%	19%	21%	21%	21%
Selects	11%	14%	15%	14%	16%	17%	17%	17%
Jumbos	1%	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%

Table A2.3. Sensitivity results for change in Reference Abundance (78mm+ CL), relative to the unchanged scenario. Relative difference in abundance stabilizes soon after management actions stabilize. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, Yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge. Compare to Table 3.

Year	Change_in_RefN
2018	0.0%
2019	0.0%
2020	3.5%
2021	4.3%
2022	9.4%
2023	17.4%
2024	19.4%
2025	20.2%
2026	20.4%
2027	20.6%
2028	20.4%
2029	20.3%
2030	20.2%

Table A2.4. Sensitivity results for change in Spawning Stock Biomass, relative to the unchanged scenario. Relative difference in SSB stabilizes soon after management actions stabilize. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, Yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge. Compare to Table 4.

Year	Change_in_SSB
2018	0.0%
2019	0.4%
2020	6.0%
2021	10.7%
2022	23.3%
2023	45.7%
2024	58.6%
2025	68.0%
2026	67.9%
2027	67.7%
2028	67.5%
2029	67.2%
2030	67.0%

Table A2.5. Sensitivity results for decrease in Exploitation for the gauge change scenario relative to the unchanged scenario. Colors indicate years when regulations changed: green - minimum gauge, Yellow - vent size, blue - maximum gauge. Compare to Table 5.

Year	Decrease_in_Exploitation
2018	0.0%
2019	-6.5%
2020	-5.5%
2021	-14.2%
2022	-26.3%
2023	-22.2%
2024	-21.9%
2025	-22.3%
2026	-21.6%
2027	-21.3%
2028	-21.4%
2029	-21.5%
2030	-21.5%



Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission

1050 N. Highland Street • Suite 200A-N • Arlington, VA 22201
703.842.0740 • asmfc.org

MEMORANDUM

TO: American Lobster Management Board
FROM: American Lobster Technical Committee
DATE: April 20, 2026
SUBJECT: Evaluation of Proposed Change to LCMA 5 Season Closure

The American Lobster Technical Committee (TC) met via webinar on April 10, 2026, to review and provide input on a proposal to modify the lobster fishery season closure in LCMA 5, as tasked by the Board at its February 2026 meeting.

The current rules for the LCMA 5 season closure are as follows:

- Lobster permit holders are prohibited from possessing or landing lobster taken from LCMA 5 from February 1-March 31.
- Lobster fishers have a 2-week grace period from February 1 to February 14 to remove all lobster gear from the closed area, during which time traps hauled may not be re-set and any lobster caught in traps cannot be retained.
- Lobster fishers have a 1-week grace period from March 24 to March 31 to set gear in the closed area, during which time set traps may not be re-hauled and LCMA 5 lobster permit holders are prohibited from possessing any lobster on board.

The proposed change to these rules is to allow traps to be set 15 days earlier (March 9 instead of 24) and to be re-hauled for harvesting black sea bass, require gear to be removed by January 15, and prohibit the retention of lobster from January 16 to March 15. Effectively, this change would shift the closure earlier by two weeks. The intent of the proposed changes is to allow LCMA 5 lobster permit holders to target black sea bass earlier in the season.

First, the TC noted that recent landings data are not available to project the change in lobster exploitation that could occur under the proposed changes because the closure was implemented in state waters in 2013 and federal waters in 2015. Thus, the TC's evaluation was qualitative based on general knowledge of the lobster stock and fishery.

The TC believes that shifting the closure dates earlier by two weeks has the potential to marginally increase lobster exploitation because catchability in March is expected to be greater than in January based on increasing lobster activity as waters warm up. However, at that time of year any change in exploitation is likely to be small.

The TC suggested that if the goal of the change is only to increase access to black sea bass, managers could consider modifying the rules governing the setting and hauling of trap gear during the closure (e.g., allowing pots to be set and fished for black sea bass March 9 instead of March 24, as proposed) while maintaining the dates during which lobster harvest and

M26-35

possession is prohibited (i.e., no lobster possession from February 1-March 31). Lobster discard mortality from trap gear is assumed to be zero, particularly during this time period when nearly all lobsters should be hard shelled and molting is not occurring. Therefore, an increase in trap effort to target black sea bass with no lobster harvest would not be expected to increase lobster mortality. The TC feels that this option is consistent with the originally intended purpose of the lobster harvest period closure to reduce exploitation in the Southern New England stock by 10% as required by Addendum XVII.



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MEMORANDUM

TO: American Lobster Management Board

FROM: Caitlin Starks, Senior Fishery Management Plan Coordinator

DATE: April 20, 2026

SUBJECT: Nominations for Management Objectives/Management Strategy Evaluation Steering Committee

At the American Lobster Management Board’s February 2026 meeting, the Technical Committee provided guidance to the Board on the process for conducting a Management Strategy Evaluation (MSE) for the GOM/GBK stock in response to the results of the 2025 stock assessment. As a critical first step, the TC recommends initiating a formal process to identify management goals and objectives for the future of the GOM/GBK lobster fisheries, including a series of meetings at local and regional scales led by a third-party facilitator.

To further develop the scope of this process, the Board agreed to form a Steering Committee (SC) through a nomination process with representation from the Board, TC, Commission staff, the Commission’s Committee on Economics and Social Sciences, industry stakeholders, and the Commission’s Assessment and Science Committee or Management and Science Committee with past experience in MSE. This SC would focus on developing a process for engaging with stakeholders to identify management objectives. If the Board decides to pursue an MSE later on, there could be reconsideration of the SC membership to include more MSE-specific expertise.

The individuals that have been nominated to serve on the SC are listed in Table 1. Staff have also provided an outline of a possible schedule of meetings and goals for the SC over the next several months, pending approval of the SC nominations.

Table 1. Management Objectives Process Steering Committee Nominations

Role	Name
ASMFC Staff	Jeff Kipp
ASMFC Staff	Caitlin Starks
Committee on Economics and Social Sciences	Todd Guilfoos
Lobster Board – ME	Carl Wilson
Lobster Board – NH	Renee Zobel
Lobster Board – RI	Jason McNamee
Lobster Board – MA	Bob Glenn
Technical Committee – ME	Kathleen Reardon
Technical Committee – MA	Tracy Pugh
Technical Committee – NMFS	Burton Shank
Industry – ME, Zone A	John Drouin
Industry – ME, Zones B,C, D	Richard Howland
Industry – ME, Zones E, F, G	John Jordan Jr.
Industry – NH, Inshore	Michael Flanigan
Industry – MA Lobsterman’s Association	Beth Casoni
Industry – MA, Outer Cape Cod Lobsterman’s Association	Brendan Adams
Industry – Atlantic Offshore Lobstermen’s Association	Hank Soule

Outline of Possible SC Schedule and Activities:

- Steering Committee nominations approved by Board at May meeting
- Meeting on existing management objectives (mid-June)
 - Review existing management objectives
 - Identify gaps in existing management objectives given social/economic conditions facing the fishery today
 - Discuss how to incorporate existing management objectives into the new management objectives process
- Meeting to discuss management objectives process (July)
 - Review other management objectives process examples (menhaden, horseshoe crab)
 - ID universe of stakeholders and other participants to be involved in lobster process
 - Outline meeting structure, schedule, participants, and objectives of each meeting
 - Determine facilitator’s role to estimate costs
 - Assign writing and cost estimation tasks
- Meeting to discuss management objectives process (September)
 - Review cost estimates
 - Discuss edits to the draft report
 - Other items as needed
- Management Objectives Process report delivered to Board at October meeting



Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission

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MEMORANDUM

March 16, 2026

To: American Lobster Management Board
From: Tina Berger, Director of Communications
RE: Advisory Panel Nomination

Please find attached a new nomination to the American Lobster Advisory Panel – Christopher Townsend, a commercial pot fisherman from Massachusetts. He replaces John Carver, who served on the panel for many years. Please review this nomination for action at the next Board meeting.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (703) 842-0749 or tberger@asmfc.org.

Enc.

cc: Caitlin Starks

American Lobster Advisory Panel

Maine (4)

Christopher Welch
339 Alfred Road
Kennebunk, ME 04043
Phone: 207.205.2093
littlesteet@ymail.com
Appt. Confirmed: 8/2/22

Eben Wilson (commercial inshore/offshore trap)

5 Lincoln Street
PO Bix 87
East Boothbay, ME 04544
207.380.6897
ebensail@gmail.com
Appt Confirmed 1/25/22

Jeff Putnam (commercial inshore - out to 20 miles - trap)

107 Littlefield Road
Chebeague Island, ME 04017
207.650.3327
Putnamjeff543@gmail.com
Appt Confirmed 1/25/22

Christopher Townsend (comm./trap)

41 Highland Road
PO Bix 645
North Truro, MA 02652
508.237.1797
captchevy@yahoo.com

New Hampshire (2)

Robert Nudd (comm/inshore pot)
531 Exeter Road
P.O. Box 219
Hampton, NH 03842
Phone (eve): (603)926-7573
LOBSTAMAN@MYFAIRPOINT.NET
Appt. Confirmed: 10/30/95
Appt. Reconfirmed 9/15/99
Appt. Reconfirmed 1/2/06
Appt Reconfirmed 5/10
Confirmed Interest: 9/21

James A. Willwerth (comm./trap)
10 Mill
Hampton Falls, NH 03844
Phone (day): (603) 765-5008
Phone (eve): (603) 926-3139
JAW080257@comcast.net
Appt Confirmed 10/22/12

Massachusetts (4)

Arthur Sawyer Jr. (comm pots)
368 Concord Street
Gloucester, MA 01930
Phone: (978)281-4736
FAX: (978)281-4736
sooky55@aol.com
Appt. Confirmed: 1/29/01
Appt. Reconfirmed 1/2/06; 5/10; 9/15; 8/18
Confirmed Interest: 9/21

Grant Moore (comm/offshore pot)
4 Gooseberry Farms Lane
Westport, MA 02790
Phone (day): 508.971.2190
Phone (eve): 508.636.6248
FAX: 508.636.5789
grantmoore55@gmail.com
Appt. Confirmed 11/2/15
Appt. Reconfirmed 8/18
Confirmed Interest: 9/21

Todd Alger (recreational diver)
7 Holly Street
Hingham, MA 02043
Phone: 339.236.0736
Todd.alger@gmail.com
Appt. Confirmed: 8/2/22

Eric Lorentzen (comm/inshore/offshore pot)
173 Spring Street
Hull, MA 02045
Phone: 774.217.0501
ericcredlorentzen@gmail.com
Appt. Confirmed: 8/2/22

American Lobster Advisory Panel

Rhode Island (2)

Lanny Dellinger (comm./pot)
160 Snuffmill Road
Saunderstown, RI 02874
Phone (day): (401)932-5826
Phone (eve): (401)294-7352
lad0626@aol.com
Appt Confirmed 2/21/06
Appt Reconfirmed 5/10

Vacancy (comm/offshore pot)

Connecticut (2)

John Whittaker (comm./pot)
37 Spring Street
Groton, CT 06340
Phone (day): (860)287-4384
Phone (eve): (860)536-7668
FAX: (860)536-7668
whittboat@comcast.net
Appt Confirmed 2/21/06
Appt Reconfirmed 5/10
Confirmed Interest: 9/21

Vacancy (comm pot)

New York (2)

George Doll (comm/inshore pot)
70 Seaview Avenue
Northport, New York 11768
Phone: (631)261-1407
FAX: (631)261-1407
Appt. Confirmed: 11/29/00
Appt. Reconfirmed 1/23/06
Appt Reconfirmed 5/10

James Fox (comm/pot)
152 Highland Drive
Kings Park, NY 11754
Phone: (631)361-7995
jcfox22@verizon.net
Appt. Confirmed: 10/16/01
Appt. Reconfirmed 1/23/06
Appt Reconfirmed 5/10

New Jersey (2)

John Godwin (processor)
1 Saint Louis Avenue
Point Pleasant Beach, NJ 08742
Phone: 732.245.0148
FAX: 732.892.3928
JOHN@POINTLOBSTER.COM
Appt Confirmed 11/2/15

Joe Fiorentino (rec diver)
40 Beechwood Ct
Bangor, PA 18013
Phone: 610.704.2687
joefdive@gmail.com
Appt Confirmed 2/3/26

Maryland

Earl Gwin
10448 Azalea Road
Berlin, MD 21811
Phone: (401) 251-3709
Email: sonnygwin@verizon.net
Appt confirmed 11/1/15
Confirmed Interest: 9/21



ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

Advisory Panel Nomination Form

This form is designed to help nominate Advisors to the Commission's Species Advisory Panels. The information on the returned form will be provided to the Commission's relevant species management board or section. Please answer the questions in the categories (All Nominees, Commercial Fisherman, Charter/Headboat Captain, Recreational Fisherman, Dealer/Processor, or Other Interested Parties) that pertain to the nominee's experience. If the nominee fits into more than one category, answer the questions for all categories that fit the situation. **Also, please fill in the sections which pertain to All Nominees (pages 1 and 2). In addition, nominee signatures are required to verify the provided information (page 4), and Commissioner signatures are requested to verify Commissioner consensus (page 4). Please print and use a black pen.**

Form submitted by: Raymond Kane State: MASS
(your name)

Name of Nominee: Christopher Townsend

Address: 41 Highland Rd PO Box 645

City, State, Zip: North Truro, MA 02652

Please provide the appropriate numbers where the nominee can be reached:

Phone (day): 508-237-1797 Phone (evening): _____

FAX: _____ Email: captchevy@yahoo.com

FOR ALL NOMINEES:

1. Please list, in order of preference, the Advisory Panel for which you are nominating the above person.

- 1. Lobster AP
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____

2. Has the nominee been found in violation of criminal or civil federal fishery law or regulation or convicted of any felony or crime over the last three years?

yes _____ no X

3. Is the nominee a member of any fishermen's organizations or clubs?

yes X no _____

If "yes," please list them below by name.

Mass Hubsterman's Association

4. What kinds (species) of fish and/or shellfish has the nominee fished for during the past year?

Lobster

5. What kinds (species) of fish and/or shellfish has the nominee fished for in the past?

Lobster

cod, haddock, pollock

TUNA

fluke

FOR COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN:

1. How many years has the nominee been the commercial fishing business? 34 years

2. Is the nominee employed only in commercial fishing? yes _____ no X

3. What is the predominant gear type used by the nominee? lobster traps

4. What is the predominant geographic area fished by the nominee (i.e., inshore, offshore)? cape cod bay, outer cape, federal water/stellwagen bank

FOR CHARTER/HEADBOAT CAPTAINS:

1. How long has the nominee been employed in the charter/headboat business? _____ years

2. Is the nominee employed only in the charter/headboat industry? yes _____ no _____

If "no," please list other type(s) of business(es) and/occupation(s): _____

3. How many years has the nominee lived in the home port community? _____ years

If less than five years, please indicate the nominee's previous home port community.

FOR RECREATIONAL FISHERMEN:

1. How long has the nominee engaged in recreational fishing? _____ years

2. Is the nominee working, or has the nominee ever worked in any area related to the fishing industry? yes _____ no _____

If "yes," please explain.

FOR SEAFOOD PROCESSORS & DEALERS:

1. How long has the nominee been employed in the business of seafood processing/dealing?
5 _____ years

2. Is the nominee employed only in the business of seafood processing/dealing?

yes _____ no X If "no," please list other type(s) of business(es) and/or occupation(s):

lobster fisherman

FOR ALL NOMINEES:

3. How many years has the nominee lived in the home port community? _____ years

If less than five years, please indicate the nominee's previous home port community.

FOR OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES:

1. How long has the nominee been interested in fishing and/or fisheries management? _____ years

2. Is the nominee employed in the fishing business or the field of fisheries management?
yes _____ no _____

If "no," please list other type(s) of business(es) and/or occupation(s):

Nominee Signature: Chris Townsend

Name: Chris Townsend

(please print)

COMMISSIONER'S SIGN-OFF (not required for all interested individuals)

FOR ALL NOMINEES:

In the space provided below, please provide the Commission with any additional information which you feel would assist us in making choosing new Advisors. You may use as many pages as needed.

I began lobster fishing in 1983 and started my own business in 1992.

I began with 100 traps and a small outboard boat and now have 800 traps and an offshore boat. I have fished area 1, OCHMA, and federal waters. I have also run educational lobster trips for over 20 years.

I owned a seafood market for 12 years as well as a "fish n chips" restaurant.

I have been a member of mass lobster mens association since I first started on my own in '92.

I have a broad circle of fishing friends from Maine + NJ and beyond to FL, the gulf coast and even Alaska. My daughter graduated from MMA and is heavily involved in fisheries mgt. I believe I bring a bi partisan view to fisheries management and my goal is to do whats best for the fishery as a whole,

Nominee Signature: Capt. Chris Townsend

Date: 3/12/2026

Name: CHRIS TOWNSEND
(please print)

COMMISSIONERS SIGN-OFF (not required for non-traditional stakeholders)

Daniel J McKeever

State Director

Roger M. King

Governor's Appointee

Janet R. Pedke

(for Rep. Jennifer Armini)

State Legislator